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VOLUME 3 of 3

RESULTS OF TESTS FOR FORCE, MOMENT, PRESSURE AND
AEROELASTIC DATA USING THE 0.030 SCALE PRESSURE
LOADS SPACE SHUTTLE ORBITER MODEL (47-0) IN THE
NASA/ARC 11 FOOT UNITARY PLAN WIND TUNNEL,
(ØA400)

SPACE SHUTTLE AEROTHERMODYNAMIC DATA REPORT

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A change is made to page 53 of the text to replace an improperly cropped model sketch with the correct sketch. This change applies to all three volumes of this data report.

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NASA/ARC 11 FOOT UNITARY PLAN WIND TUNNEL,
(ØA400)

by

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Prepared under NASA Contract Number NAS9-13247

by

Data Management Services
Chrysler Huntsville Electronics Division /Slidell Engineering Office
New Orleans, La. 70189

for

Engineering Analysis Division
Johnson Space Center
National Aeronautics and Space Administration
Houston, Texas

Wind Tunnel Test Specifics:

Test Number: ARC 427-1-11 ARC 427-2-11
NASA Series Number: OA400
Model Number: 47-0
Test Dates: 4/23/80 to 5/2/80
Occupancy Hours: 120

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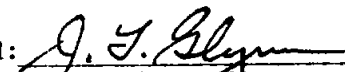
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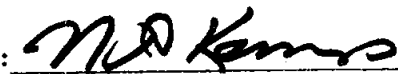
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ABSTRACT

An experimental investigation (test OA400) was conducted in the 11x11-foot leg of the NASA/ARC Unitary Plan Wind Tunnel from 23 April to 2 May 1980. The objectives of the test were to obtain airloads information with and without the SILTS pod, obtain OV102 wing distributed airloads, obtain elevon distributed airloads and hinge moments and determine the effect of vertical tail aeroelasticity on the lateral-directional characteristics of the orbiter vehicle.

Six-component force data, distributed pressure data on the right-hand wing, aft fuselage, OMS pod and vertical tail and wing loads and elevon hinge moments were measured at Mach numbers from 0.60 to 1.40 at angles of attack from -4° to 16° and at angles of sideslip from -8° to 8° .

Aeroelastic effects were measured by obtaining six component balance data at Mach numbers from 1.1 to 1.4 at angles of attack from -8° to 10° and angles of sideslip from -8° to $+8^{\circ}$. Tunnel dynamic pressure varied from 600 psf to 1600 psf or to the tunnel operating limit, whichever came first.

Test OA400 consists of three volumes:

Volume 1 - Force Data Plots and Tabulations¹

Volume 2 - Pressure Data Plots

Volume 3 - Pressure Data Tabulations (Microfiche)²

NOTES:

- ¹ Wing balance data coefficients CTW, CNW, CBW are omitted at this time. They will be available when ARC provides corrected data.
- ² Distribution of Volume 3 was limited due to the volume of microfiche. Requests for pressure data tabulations should be directed to Chrysler Data Management Services.

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SCHEDULE COEFFICIENTS PLOTTED

A C_L VS q

C_D VS q

C_m VS q

C_Y VS q

C_n (BODY) VS q

C_l (BODY) VS q

INDEX OF DATA FIGURES (Concluded)

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PRESSURE COEFFICIENTS - WING LOWER SURFACE		A	160-318
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SCHEDULE	COEFFICIENTS PLOTTED
A	C_p VS XW/CW
B	C_p VS XV/CV
C	C_p VS X/C SPD BRK
D	C_p VS X/C BODY FLP
E	C_p VS XO/LO
F	C_p VS X/L SILTS

INTRODUCTION

The 0.03 scale model (47-0) of the Space Shuttle Orbiter was tested from April 23 to May 2, 1980 in the 11x11 foot leg of the NASA/ARC Unitary Plan Wind Tunnel.

There were three separate and somewhat unrelated objectives to this test. The first was to obtain SILTS (Shuttle Infrared Leaside Temperature Sensor) pod airloads and vertical tail airloads in the presence of the SILTS pod. These data will be used in the design and venting analysis of the vertical tail/SILTS pod. The second objective of this test was to obtain distributed loads on the wing and aft fuselage. The OV102 wing had not previously been run at these mach numbers. Elevon distributed loads, wing loads (3-component), and elevon hinge moments were recorded as part of this requirement. The third objective of this test was to re-test the aeroelastic effects of the vertical tail on the lateral-directional stability characteristics of the orbiter at transonic mach numbers. Comparisons were made between a rigid (steel) vertical and a specially constructed flexible (aluminum and rubber) vertical.

For the loads portion of the test, the mach number ranged from 0.6 to 1.4, the angle of attack from -4° to 16° and the angle of sideslip from -8° to 8° .

The nominal flight dynamic pressure over these mach number ranges is 600 psf and the entire loads test was run at that pressure. The aeroelastic vertical tail was designed to flex under load in the same shapes and

frequency as the flight article but was scaled to a stiffness three times greater than scale. Because of this a tunnel dynamic pressure of 1800 psf was desirable to properly match the flight conditions. This pressure, however, is beyond the capability of the tunnel at some mach numbers and exceeds the structural limits of the model at others. Because of these limitations the maximum dynamic pressure obtained varies with mach number and model attitude.

The three percent scale model of the orbiter reentry configuration was sting-mounted through a hole in the base plate. Clearance for the sting necessitated removing approximately half of each of the simulated engine nozzles.

The model was supported by a Task Mk XB six-component balance throughout the entire test. Elevon hinge moments and wing bending and torsion were measured during the loads portion of the test only.

A maximum of 500 pressures were measured during the loads portion of the test. All pressures were measured by sixteen model mounted scanivalves. Two drive/steppers were used to drive eight valves each.

During the aeroelastic vertical tail testing, all cables and tubes were removed from the outside of the sting to eliminate any possible mechanical interference between the metric and non-metric parts of the installation. Because of this, no base pressure or wing or elevon data were recorded during this phase of the test.

This report consists of 1 volume of force data, 1 volume of plotted pressure data, and 1 volume of tabulated pressure data on microfiche.

The volumes are arranged in the following manner:

<u>Volume Number</u>	<u>CONTENTS</u>	<u>Microfiche Page No.</u>
1	OA400 Force Data Plotted, Tabulated	-
2	OA400 Plotted Pressure Data	-
	<u>OA400 Tabulated Pressure Data :</u>	
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3	OA400 Wing Upper Surface (U)	96 - 115
3	OA400 Vertical Tail (V)	115 - 125

NOMENCLATURE

<u>SYMBOL</u>	<u>MNEMONIC</u>	<u>DEFINITION</u>
A_b	AB	total orbiter base area, ft^2
A_c	AC	sting cavity area, ft^2
A_i	Ai	area over which P_i acts, ft^2
AF		balance axial force, lb.
Base	BASE	base (non-dimensional)
b_v	BV	vertical tail reference span, in.
Bw		wing balance bending moment, in-lbs.
b_w	BREF, BW	orbiter wing span, in.
C_A	CA	orbiter axial force coefficient with sting cavity adjusted to average base pressure
C_{AB}	CAB	orbiter axial force base pressure coefficient
C_{Ac}	CAC	orbiter sting cavity axial force coefficient
C_{AF}	CAF	orbiter forebody axial force coefficient
C_{Au}	CAU	orbiter uncorrected axial force coefficient
C_{Bw}	CBW	wing bending moment coefficient
C_D	CD	orbiter drag coefficient
c_e		elevon reference chord, in.
Ch_{ei}	CHEI	inner elevon hinge moment coefficient, about hinge line $X_0 = 1387.0$
Ch_{eo}	CHEO	outer elevon hinge moment coefficient, about hinge line $X_0 = 1387.0$
C_L	CL	orbiter lift coefficient
C_ℓ	CBL	orbiter rolling moment coefficient, body axis system

NOMENCLATURE (Continued)

<u>SYMBOL</u>	<u>MNEMONIC</u>	<u>DEFINITION</u>
C_m	CLM	orbiter pitching moment coefficient with sting cavity adjusted to average base pressure referenced to orbiter MRC
C_{m_b}	CMB	orbiter pitching moment base pressure coefficient
C_{m_F}	CLMF	orbiter forebody pitching moment coefficient referenced to orbiter MRC
$C_{m_{sc}}$	CLMSC	orbiter sting cavity pitching moment coefficient, referenced to orbiter MRC
C_{m_u}	CLMU	orbiter uncorrected pitching moment coefficient
C_n	CYN	orbiter yawing moment coefficient, body axis system
C_N	CN	orbiter normal force coefficient with sting cavity adjusted to average base pressure
C_{N_B}	CNB	orbiter base pressure normal force coefficient
C_{N_F}	CNF	orbiter forebody normal force coefficient
C_{N_u}	CNU	orbiter uncorrected normal force coefficient
C_{N_w}	CNW	wing normal force coefficient
$C_{P_{B_{avg}}}$	-	average base pressure coefficient for specified taps
$C_{P_{C_{avg}}}$	-	average cavity pressure coefficient for specified taps
C_{p_i}	CPi	surface tap pressure coefficient, port i, $(P_i - P_\infty)/q$
C_{T_w}	CTW	wing torsion coefficient
C_w	-	wing balance chord, in.
C_Y	CY	orbiter side force coefficient

NOMENCLATURE (Continued)

<u>SYMBOL</u>	<u>MNEMONIC</u>	<u>DEFINITION</u>
l_{REF}	LREF	longitudinal reference length, orbiter mean aerodynamic chord, in.
M	MACH	freestream Mach number
NF	-	balance normal force, lb.
N_w	-	wing balance normal force, lbs.
P_i	Pi	pressure at surface tap i, PSF
PM		balance pitching moment, in-lb.
P_o	PO	run-averaged freestream total pressure, PSF
P_∞	P	freestream static pressure, PSF
P_t	PT	freestream total pressure, PSF
q	Q(PSF)	freestream dynamic pressure, PSF
RM	-	balance rolling moment, in-lb.
	RN/L	unit Reynolds number, million per foot
S_e	SE	elevon reference area, ft ²
SF	-	balance side force, lb.
SILTS		Shuttle infrared leeside temperature sensor
S_w	SREF	wing reference area, ft. ²
T_o	TO	run-averaged freestream total temperature, °F
	TTF	freestream total temperature, °F
T_t	TTR	freestream total temperature, °R
T_w	-	wing balance torsion, in-lbs.
X/C X/C_w	XW/CW	chordwise location on wing surface, fraction of local chord

NOMENCLATURE (Continued)

<u>SYMBOL</u>	<u>MNEMONIC</u>	<u>DEFINITION</u>
X/C_{BF}	X/CBF	chordwise location on body flap, fraction of local chord
X_{cp}	XCP/L	center of pressure location referred to l_b
X/C_{sb}	X/CSB	chordwise location on speedbrake, fraction of local chord
X/C_v	XV/CV	chordwise location on vertical tail fraction of local chord
X/L_{SILTS}	X/L _S	longitudinal location on SILTS pod, fraction of pod length
X_{mrp}	XMRP	longitudinal location of moment reference point
X_o	XO	longitudinal distance in the orbiter reference system, inches
X_o/L_o	X/LB	longitudinal location of body surface, fraction of body length
Y_o	YO	lateral distance in the orbiter reference system, inches
X_T	XT	longitudinal moment transfer distance from orbiter balance center to orbiter MRC, in.
Y_{mrp}	YMRP	lateral location of moment reference point
Z/b_{sb}	Z/BSB	spanwise location on speedbrake, fraction of span
Z_{mrp}	ZMRP	vertical location of moment reference point
Z_o	ZO	vertical distance in the orbiter reference system, inches
Z_T	ZT	vertical moment transfer distance from orbiter balance center to orbiter MRC, in.
α	ALPHA	angle of attack, degrees
β	BETA	angle of sideslip, degrees

NOMENCLATURE (Concluded)

<u>SYMBOL</u>	<u>MNEMONIC</u>	<u>DEFINITION</u>
δ_{bf}	BDFLAP	body flap deflection, degrees
δ_{eI}	IB-ELV	inboard elevon deflection, degrees
δ_{eL}	L-ELVN	left elevon deflection, degrees
δ_{eO}	OB-ELV	outboard elevon deflection, degrees
δ_{eR}	R-ELVN	right elevon deflection, degrees
δ_{eRI}	RI-ELV	right inboard elevon deflection, degrees
δ_{eRO}	RO-ELV	right outboard elevon deflection, degrees
δ_r	RUDDER	rudder deflection, degrees
δ_{sb}	SPDBRK	speed brake deflection, degrees
η $2Y/BW$	Y/BW	spanwise location on wing, fraction of semi-span
η_{bf} Y/b_{BF}	Y/BBF	lateral location on body flap, fraction of span
η_v	Z/BV	spanwise location on vertical tail, fraction of vertical tail span
ϕ	PHI	angular cylindrical coordinate position around orbiter, body, deg. (or on SILTS pod about its centerline)

CONFIGURATIONS INVESTIGATED

The test article used for test OA400 is an 0.03-scale replica of the Rockwell International Space Shuttle Orbiter Vehicle known as Model 47-0. The model configuration represented the reentry configuration. The orbiter is of blended wing/body design with a double-delta wing planform with leading edge sweep angles of 81° and 45° . The wing section is 12% thick and has full span elevons with a 6" interpanel gap between the independently deflectable inboard and outboard panels. A single swept (45°) centerline vertical tail with rudder/speedbrake capability is mounted between two Orbital Maneuvering System (OMS) pods. At the lower aft end of the fuselage is a body flap to aid trim control when the speedbrakes are used during reentry. Three Space Shuttle Main Engines (SSME) are mounted on the blunt base of the orbiter fuselage. On the model these nozzles and the base plate are partially cut away to provide clearance for the mounting sting. The general arrangement of the orbiter is shown in figure 2a.

The orbiter fuselage is built to conform to control drawing VL70-000140A and the OMS pods to drawing VL70-000140C. The basic vertical tail is defined by drawing VL70-000146A and the vertical tail with SILTS conforms to PCD V70-900-015. The wing is the Orbiter Vehicle 102 wing as defined in the MD-V70 data book.

The model is built of aluminum fairing pieces around a steel backbone/balance block. Three vertical tails were used during this test.

The basic vertical is built of steel and is instrumented with 76 pressure taps on the fin and 30 on the speedbrake/rudder panel. The SILTS vertical is built of steel and is instrumented with 83 pressure taps on the fin, 26 on the SILTS pod and 30 on the speedbrake/rudder panel. The third vertical is aeroelastic. It is constructed with a tuned aluminum spar covered with a special low elasticity rubber compound. This vertical has the same rudder/speedbrake settings as the two rigid verticals and is designed to flex and twist under load to the same values as the flight hardware. The flexible vertical tail was also tested with a simulated SILTS pod.

The following nomenclature was used to define the orbiter configuration.

<u>NOMENCLATURE</u>	<u>ORBITER COMPONENT</u>
B62	Body
C9	Canopy
E64	Elevons
W131	Wing
M16	OMS (Orbital Maneuvering System) pods
N112	Main engine nozzles (SSME) (cut away for sting)
F9	Body flap
R5	Rudder
V8	Basic vertical tail
V29	Vertical tail with SILTS pod
FD3	Flipper doors
N28	OMS nozzles

INSTRUMENTATION

Orbiter loads were measured using a Task 2.5" Mk XB six-component balance mounted in the orbiter fuselage by means of a straight sting. Wing loads were measured using a three component gaged beam built into the wing root. Elevon hinge moments were measured using a single gaged beam in the right hand inboard and outboard elevons. The left hand elevons each contained identical beams to their right hand counterparts to insure equal flexibility under load but these were not instrumented. The flexible vertical tail was instrumented with a three component gaged spar that was used to monitor ultimate and dynamic failure loads only (see figure 2k). No useable aerodynamic data were collected from the flexible vertical tail balance.

Pressure data were recorded by sixteen scanivalve units mounted in the orbiter body. Two drive motors (8 valves each) were used to step the valves. Figure 2 shows the location of all pressure taps on the model.

All instrumentation except the main balance were disconnected during the flexible tail portion of the test to prevent interference due to cables and tubes where they cross from the metric model to the non-metric sting.

TEST FACILITY DESCRIPTION

The NASA/Ames Research Center is located at Moffett Field, Mountain View, California. The Unitary Plan Wind Tunnel consists of three separate wind tunnel circuits all driven by one common motor.

The 11x11-foot leg of this facility is a variable density, closed return, continuous flow transonic wind tunnel. The tunnel can operate at mach numbers from 0.4 to 1.4 at total pressures to 60 inches of mercury. The test section has slotted walls to control boundary layer bleed and minimize shock reflection. Test section mach number is controlled by wall suction and by a variable throat upstream of the test section consisting of two flexible moveable walls.

DATA REDUCTION

Standard NASA/ARC data reduction techniques were used to reduce forces, moments and pressures to engineering units. Presented below are only those equations which are non-standard or that help clarify other data.

All force data were reduced about the orbiter moment reference center located at:

$$X_O = 1076.68 \text{ inches (full scale)}$$

$$Y_O = 0$$

$$Z_O = 375 \text{ inches (full scale)}$$

Uncorrected Force Coefficients

$$C_{N_u} = \frac{NF}{q S_w} \quad (\text{Normal force coefficient})$$

$$C_{A_u} = \frac{AF}{q S_w} \quad (\text{Axial force coefficient})$$

$$C_Y = \frac{SF}{q S_w} \quad (\text{Side force coefficient})$$

$$C_m = \frac{PM}{q S_w c_w} + \frac{C_{A_u} Z_T}{c_w} - \frac{C_{N_u} X_T}{c_w} \quad (\text{Pitching Moment Coefficient})$$

$$C_n = \frac{YM}{q S_w b_w} - \frac{C_Y X_T}{b_w} \quad (\text{Yawing Moment Coefficient - Body Axis})$$

$$C_\ell = \frac{RM}{q S_w b_w} + \frac{C_Y Z_T}{b_w} \quad (\text{Rolling Moment Coefficient - Body Axis})$$

where

$$\begin{aligned} X_T &= 0.572 \text{ inches (model scale)} \\ Y_T &= 0.0 \text{ inches (model scale)} \\ Z_T &= 0.450 \text{ inches (model scale)} \\ S_w &= 2690.0 \text{ ft}^2 \text{ (full scale)} \\ c_w &= 474.81 \text{ inches (full scale)} \\ b_w &= 936.68 \text{ inches (full scale)} \end{aligned}$$

DATA REDUCTION (Continued)

Normal Force Coefficient corrected for base pressures (Forebody Normal Force Coefficient):

$$C_{NF} = C_{Nu} - C_{NB}$$

$$C_{NB} = -\frac{1}{S_w} \left\{ (\tan 14.75^\circ) \sum_{i=301}^{318} CP_i A_i + \sum_{i=401}^{440} CP_i A_i \right\}$$

Axial Force Coefficient corrected for sting cavity pressure:

$$C_A = C_{Au} - C_{Ac}$$

$$C_{Ac} = (CP_{Bavg} - CP_{Cavg}) \frac{A_c}{S_w}$$

$$CP_{Bavg} = \frac{CP_{306} + CP_{307} + CP_{308} + CP_{309} + CP_{312} + CP_{313}}{6}$$

$$CP_{Cavg} = \frac{CP_{304} + CP_{310}}{2}$$

Axial Force corrected for base pressure (Forebody Axial Force Coefficient):

$$C_{AF} = C_A - C_{AB}$$

$$C_{AB} = -\frac{1}{S_w} \left\{ \sum_{i=301}^{324} CP_i A_i + CP_{Bavg} - A_c \right\}$$

Pitching Moment Coefficient corrected for base pressure effects (Forebody Pitching Moment Coefficient):

$$C_{mF} = C_{mu} - C_{mB}$$

$$C_{mB} = -\frac{1}{S_w c_w} \left\{ -XB_1 (\tan 14.75^\circ) \sum_{i=301}^{318} CP_i A_i \right. \\ \left. - XB_2 \sum_{i=401}^{440} CP_i A_i + ZB \sum_{i=301}^{324} CP_i A_i \right\}$$

DATA REDUCTION (Continued)

where XB1 = 12.640 inches (model scale)
XB2 = 14.640 inches (model scale)
ZB = 0.450 inches (model scale)

Wing loads were determined by applying the output of the three component wing balance to a 3x3 matrix developed during post-test calibrations. Wing forces and moments were resolved at:

X_O = 1307.0 inches (full scale)
Y_O = 105.0 inches (full scale)
Z_O = 288.0 inches (full scale)

Wing load coefficients were determined:

$$C_{N_w} = \frac{N_w}{q S_w} \quad (\text{Wing Normal Force Coefficient})$$

$$C_{B_w} = \frac{B_w}{q S_w b_w} \quad (\text{Wing Bending Moment Coefficient})$$

$$C_{T_w} = \frac{T_w}{q S_w c_w} \quad (\text{Wing Torsion Coefficient})$$

Elevon hinge moment coefficients were determined:

$$C_{hei} = \frac{Hei}{q S_e c_e}$$

$$C_{heo} = \frac{Heo}{q S_e c_e}$$

where Hei = Inboard elevon hinge moment
Heo = Outboard elevon hinge moment
S_e = Elevon reference area = 210.0 ft² (full scale)
c_e = Elevon reference length = 90.7 inches (full scale)

DATA REDUCTION (Continued)

All reference dimensions and constants used for data reduction are listed below in model scale:

Model Areas

A _C	0.05476 ft ²
A ₃₀₁	0
A ₃₀₂	0
A ₃₀₃	0.09656 ft ²
A ₃₀₄	0
A ₃₀₅	0
A ₃₀₆	0.00530 ft ²
A ₃₀₇	0.00796 ft ²
A ₃₀₈	0.010613 ft ²
A ₃₀₉	0.013230 ft ²
A ₃₁₀	0
A ₃₁₁	0.023217 ft ²
A ₃₁₂	0.016584 ft ²
A ₃₁₃	0.001327 ft ²
A ₃₁₄	0.011940 ft ²
A ₃₁₅	0.013798 ft ²
A ₃₁₆	0.007297 ft ²
A ₃₁₇	0.012603 ft ²
A ₃₁₈	0.017247 ft ²
A ₃₁₉	0.021758 ft ²
A ₃₂₀	0.015920 ft ²
A ₃₂₁	0.017247 ft ²
A ₃₂₂	0.014328 ft ²
A ₃₂₃	0.006103 ft ²
A ₃₂₄	0.026003 ft ²
A ₄₀₁	0
A ₄₀₂	0
A ₄₀₃	0
A ₄₀₄	0
A ₄₀₅	0.011551 ft ²
A ₄₀₆	0.010267 ft ²
A ₄₀₇	0.009838 ft ²
A ₄₀₈	0.0077004 ft ²
A ₄₀₉	0
A ₄₁₀	0
A ₄₁₁	0
A ₄₁₂	0
A ₄₁₃	0.012834 ft ²

DATA REDUCTION (Continued)

Model Areas - Continued

A414	0.012834 ft. ²
A415	0.012834 ft. ²
A416	0.012834 ft. ²
A417	0
A418	0
A419	0
A420	0
A421	0
A422	0
A423	0
A424	0
A425	0
A426	0
A427	0
A428	0
A429	0
A430	0
A431	0
A432	0
A433	0
A434	0
A435	0
A436	0
A437	0.011551 ft. ²
A438	0.010267 ft. ²
A439	0.0089838 ft. ²
A440	0.0077004 ft. ²

Reference Dimensions (model scale)

S _w	2.4210 ft.
S _e	0.1890 ft.
b _w	28.1004 inches
c _w	14.244 inches
c _e	2.721 inches

DATA REDUCTION (Concluded)

Transfer Distances (model scale)

X _T	0.572 inches
Y _T	0.0 inches
Z _T	0.450 inches
XB ₁	12.640 inches
XB ₂	14.640 inches
ZB	0.450 inches

TABLE I.

TEST : OA 400		DATE : 12 Sept 80	
TEST CONDITIONS			
MACH NUMBER	REYNOLDS NUMBER (per unit length)	DYNAMIC PRESSURE (pounds/sq. inch)	STAGNATION TEMPERATURE (degrees Fahrenheit)
0.6	4.88×10^6	600	90°
0.9	3.60	"	"
1.1	3.197	"	"
1.25	2.995	"	"
1.40	2.917	"	"
Force Data (q ramps)			
1.1	3.18 → 6.11	600 → 1200	90°
1.2	3.03 → 7.52	600 → 1600	"
1.3	2.89 → 8.56	600 → 1800	"
1.4	2.87 5.42	600 → 1200	"

BALANCE UTILIZED: Rockwell Task 2.5" MKXB

	CAPACITY:	ACCURACY:	COEFFICIENT TOLERANCE:
NF	<u>5500/5500 lbs</u>	_____	_____
SF	<u>2750/2750 lbs</u>	_____	_____
AF	<u>1250 lbs</u>	_____	_____
PM	_____	_____	_____
RM	<u>4000 in-lbs</u>	_____	_____
YM	_____	_____	_____

COMMENTS:

TABLE II

TEST: QA 400 FLEX TAIL DATA SET/RUN NUMBER COLLATION SUMMARY DATE: 5/29/80

DATA SET IDENTIFIER	CONFIGURATION	SCHD.		CONTROL DEFLECTION				NO. OF RUNS	MACH NUMBERS (OR ALTERNATE INDEPENDENT VARIABLE)								
		α	β	δ_{SB}	δ_R	Q	RAMP		1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4					
R3X001	<u>ORBITER (TAIL OFF)</u>	A	-5	-	-	1200											
02		A	0	-	-	900							38				
03		A	0	-	-	1600							34				
04		A	5	-	-	1200							35				
05		5	D	-	-	900							37				
06		5	D	-	-	1600							33				
07		10	D	-	-	1600							32				
08	<u>(TAIL ON SILTS OFF)</u>	A	0	0	0	1200							36				
09		A	5	-	-	-							17	22			
10		-5	B										16	23			
11		0	B										19	9			
12		5	B										14				
13		-5	0										20	21			
14		-5	-2										15				
15		-5	0										27	29			
16		-5	1										18	24			
17		-5	2										26	28			
18		-5	5				UP						3	4			
													11	5			

See Page 31 for Force and Pressure Dataset Definition, including Coefficient Schedule

COEFFICIENTS

α OR β SCHEDULES

A) $-2^\circ \rightarrow 10^\circ$, $\Delta\alpha = 2^\circ$
 B) $-4^\circ \rightarrow 5^\circ$, $\Delta\beta = 1^\circ$

D) $-8^\circ, -6^\circ, -4^\circ, -2^\circ, 0^\circ, 2^\circ, 4^\circ, 5^\circ, 6^\circ, 8^\circ$

IDVAR (1) IDVAR (2) NDV

TABLE II (Continued)

TEST : 09400		FILE : 1611		DATA SET/RUN NUMBER COLLATION SUMMARY										DATE : 5/29/80					
DATA SET IDENTIFIER	CONFIGURATION	SCHD.		CONTROL DEFLECTION				NO. OF RUNS	MACH NUMBERS (OR ALTERNATE INDEPENDENT VARIABLE)										
		α	β	δ_{SB}	δ_R	Q	Range					1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4				
23X019	OFF-ITER (7A +11 SILTS OFF)	-5	5	0	0	V	LOVEL						12	7					
20		-5	5	0	0	V							13						
21		5	-2	26.99	-1.03	V							91						
22			0			V							89						
23			2			V							90						
24			5			V							96						
25			0	26.62	9.93	V							86						
26			0	26.62	9.93	V							87						
			B	26.99	-1.03	600							95						
28						800							94						
29						1000							92						
30		Y	Y	Y		1200							92						
31		C	0	56.67		1200						66	55		58				
32		C	2			1200						67	56		59				
33		5	B			600						64	50		49				
34			E			800						63	51		48				
35			E			1000						62	52		47				
36		Y	E	Y	Y	1200						61	53		44				
See Page 31 for Force and Pressure Data set Definition, including Coefficient Schedule																			
α OR β		COEFFICIENTS										IDVAR (1)		IDVAR (2)		NDV			
SCHEDULES		B) = $-4^\circ \rightarrow 5^\circ$ $\Delta \beta = 1^\circ$																	
		C) = $-2^\circ \rightarrow 10^\circ$ $\Delta \alpha = 2^\circ$																	

JE

TEST RUN NUMBERS

TABLE II (Continued)

ARC427-1-11

TEST: 7A400 (Pressure)		DATA SET/RUN NUMBER COLLATION SUMMARY												DATE: 3 June 80					
DATA SET IDENTIFIER	CONFIGURATION													ALPHA					
		β	M	δ_{CL}	δ_{ER}	δ_{SR}	δ_R	δ_{RF}						-4	0	3.5	8	12	16
R3X*50	ORBITER (SILTS OFF)	B	.60	0	0	0	0	-11.7						13	14	15	16	17	
51			.90											18	19	20	21	22	
52			1.10											23	24	25	26	27	
53			1.25											31	32	33	34	35	
54			1.40											36	37	38	39	40	41
55	ORBITER (SILTS ON)		.60											64	65	66	67	68	
56			.90											59	60	61	62	63	
57			1.10											54	55	56	57	58	
58			1.25											49	50	51	52	53	
59			1.40											43	44	45	46	47	48
60			.60				10°							92	93	94	95	96	
61			.90											87	88	89	90	91	
62			1.10											82	83	84	85	86	
63			1.25											77	78	79	80	81	
64			1.40											71	72°	73	74	75	76
65			.60				-10°							119	120	121	122	123	
66			.90											114	115	116	117	118	
67			1.10											109	110	111	112	113	

TEST RUN NUMBERS

See Page 31 for Force and Pressure Dataset Definition, including Coefficient Schedule

α OR β
SCHEDULES

B) $\beta = -8, -4, 0, 4, 8$ COEFFICIENTS
 A RUN 72 HAS NO $\beta = +8$

IDVAR (1) IDVAR (2) NDV

TABLE II (Continued)

ARC 427-1-11

TEST: ΦA 400 (Pressure)

DATA SET/RUN NUMBER COLLATION SUMMARY

DATE: 3 June 80

DATA SET IDENTIFIER	CONFIGURATION											ALPHA					
		β	M	δ_{el}	δ_{er}	δ_{sb}	δ_R	δ_{RF}				-4	0	3.5	8	12	16
R3X*68	ORBITER(SILTS ON)	B	1.25	0	0	0	-10°	-11.7°				104	105	106	107	108	
69			1.40									98	99	100	101	102	103
70			.60			55°		163				147	148	149	150	151	
71			.90									142	143	144	145	146	
72			1.10									137	138	139	140	141	
73			1.25									132	133	134	135	136	
74			1.40									126	127	128	129	130	131
75			.60				0°					176	177	178	179	180	
76			.90									171	172	173	174	175	
77			1.10									166	167	168	169	170	
78			1.25									161	162	163	164	165	
79			1.40									153	154	155	156	157	158
80			.60				10°					204	205	206	207	208	
81			.90									199	200	201	202	203	
82			1.10									194	195	196	197	198	
83			1.25									189	190	191	192	193	
84			1.40									183	184	185	186	187	188

TEST RUN NUMBERS

See Page 31 for Force and Pressure Dataset Definition, including Coefficient Schedule

 α OR β
SCHEDULESB) $\beta = -8, -4, 0, 4, 8$ COEFFICIENTS

IDVAR (1) IDVAR (2) NDV

ARC 427-1-11

DATE : 3 June 80

TEST RUN NUMBERS

IDVAR (1)	IDVAR (2)	NDV
1	1	1
2	2	1
3	3	1
4	4	1
5	5	1
6	6	1
7	7	1
8	8	1
9	9	1
10	10	1
11	11	1
12	12	1
13	13	1
14	14	1
15	15	1
16	16	1
17	17	1
18	18	1
19	19	1
20	20	1
21	21	1
22	22	1
23	23	1
24	24	1
25	25	1
26	26	1
27	27	1
28	28	1
29	29	1
30	30	1
31	31	1
32	32	1
33	33	1
34	34	1
35	35	1
36	36	1
37	37	1
38	38	1
39	39	1
40	40	1
41	41	1
42	42	1
43	43	1
44	44	1
45	45	1
46	46	1
47	47	1
48	48	1
49	49	1
50	50	1
51	51	1
52	52	1
53	53	1
54	54	1
55	55	1
56	56	1
57	57	1
58	58	1
59	59	1
60	60	1
61	61	1
62	62	1
63	63	1
64	64	1
65	65	1
66	66	1
67	67	1
68	68	1
69	69	1
70	70	1
71	71	1
72	72	1
73	73	1
74	74	1
75	75	1
76	76	1
77	77	1
78	78	1
79	79	1
80	80	1
81	81	1
82	82	1
83	83	1
84	84	1
85	85	1
86	86	1
87	87	1
88	88	1
89	89	1
90	90	1
91	91	1
92	92	1
93	93	1
94	94	1
95	95	1
96	96	1
97	97	1
98	98	1
99	99	1
100	100	1

TABLE II (Concluded)

ØA400

Force and Pressure Dataset Definition

FORCE DATA - COEFFICIENT SCHEDULES

R3X001→48
MACH Q(PSF) ALPHA, CL, CD, CLM, CY, CYN, CBL, CA, CN

R3X050→99, R3X0A1→A6
ALPHA BETA MACH, CN, CA, CLM, CBL, CYN, CY, CNW*, CTW*, CBW*

S3X001→48
MACH Q(PSF) ALPHA, Q(PSF), PT, P, TTR, RI-ELV, RØ-ELV, BDFLAP, SPDBRK**, RUDDER**

S3X050→99, S3X0A1→A6
ALPHA BETA MACH, Q(PSF), PT, P, TTF, CHEI, CHEØ, IB-ELV, ØB-ELV

T3X050→99, T3X0A1→A6
ALPHA BETA MACH, CNF, CAF, CLMF, CAB, CAC, CNB, CMB

PRESSURE DATA - COMPONENTS

Datasets R3X\$50→99, R3X\$A1→A6 contain CP for taps as follows:

<u>\$</u>	<u>Component</u>
U	Wing Upper Surface
L	Wing Lower Surface
V	Vertical Tail
R	Right Side Vertical Tail
E	Base Pressure
F	Body Flap Top
B	Aft Fuselage/OMS Pod
C	Silts Sensor Taps
P	Silts Pod
K	Inside Speedbrake

(Datasets with first letter "C" are the corresponding "R" datasets with the corrections for bad points as delineated in Table VIII.)

*Provided upon availability of corrected data from ARC.
**Parameter block contains corrected SPDBRK and RUDDER deflections

η 2Y/B	Y_0		TABLE III. WING PRESSURE TAP NUMBERS/LOCATIONS																
235		X/C _w TOP BOT	0.00 601	0.01 602	0.02 603	0.05 604	0.08 605	0.15 606	0.25 607	0.40 608	0.55 609	0.70 610	0.80 611						
299	140	X/C _w TOP BOT	0.00 622	0.01 623	0.02 624	0.05 625	0.08 626	0.15 627	0.25 628	0.40 629	0.55 630	0.70 631	0.80 633	0.836 634	0.866 635	0.881 636	0.911 637	0.941 638	0.971 639
342	160	X/C _w TOP BOT	0.00 656	0.01 657	0.02 658	0.05 659	0.08 660	0.15 661	0.25 662	0.40 663	0.55 664	0.70 665	0.80 667	0.836 668	0.866 669	0.881 670	0.911 671	0.941 672	0.971 673
427	200	X/C _w TOP BOT	0.00 690	0.01 691	0.02 692	0.05 693	0.08 694	0.15 695	0.25 696	0.40 697	0.55 698	0.70 700	0.80 701	0.836 702	0.866 703	0.881 704	0.911 705	0.941 706	1.00
534	250	X/C _w TOP BOT	0.00 722	0.01 723	0.02 724	0.05 725	0.08 726	0.15 727	0.25 728	0.40 729	0.55 730	0.70 732	0.80 733	0.836 734	0.866 735	0.881 736	0.911 737	0.941 738	1.00
619	290	X/C _w TOP BOT	0.00 754	0.01 755	0.02 756	0.05 757	0.08 758	0.15 759	0.25 760	0.40 761	0.55 762	0.70 764	0.80 765	0.836 766	0.866 767	0.881 768	0.911 769	0.941 770	1.00
726	340	X/C _w TOP BOT	0.00 786	0.01 787	0.02 788	0.05 789	0.08 790	0.15 791	0.25 792	0.40 793	0.55 794	0.70 796	0.80 797	0.836 798	0.866 799	0.881 800	0.911 801	0.941 802	1.00
811	380	X/C _w TOP BOT	0.00 818	0.01 819	0.02 820	0.05 821	0.08 822	0.15 823	0.25 824	0.40 825	0.55 827	0.70 828	0.80 829	0.836 830	0.866 831	0.881 832	0.911 833	1.00	
897	420	X/C _w TOP BOT	0.00 848	0.01 849	0.02 850	0.05 851	0.08 852	0.15 853	0.25 854	0.40 855	0.55 857	0.70 858	0.80 859	0.836 860	0.866 861	0.881 862	0.911 863	1.00	
961	450	X/C _w TOP BOT	0.00 878	0.01 879	0.02 880	0.05 881	0.08 882	0.15 883	0.25 884	0.40 886	0.55 887	0.70 888	0.80 889	0.836 890	0.866 891	0.881 892	0.911 893	1.00	
1.00	TIP	X/C _w TOP BOT						0.15 906	0.25 907	0.40 909	0.55 910	0.70 911	0.80 912						

TABLE IV. BASIC VERTICAL TAIL/SPEED
BRAKE PRESSURE TAP NUMBERS/LOCATIONS

VERTICAL - WITHOUT SILTS

Z_0	η_v	$(X/C)_v$										Σ
		0	.03	.06	.15	.30	.52	.68	.83	.98		
530	.095	501	502	503	504	505	506	507			7	
570	.222	509	510	511	512	513	514	515	516	517	16	
600	.317	518	519	520	521	522	523	524	525	526	25	
640	.443	527	528	529	530	531	532	533	534	535	34	
680	.570	536	537	538	539	540	541	542	543	544	43	
720	.697	545	546	547	548	549	550	551	552	553	52	
755	.808	554	555	556	557	558	559	560	561	562	61	
790	.919	563	564	565	566	567	568	569	570	571	70	
Tip	1.00				572	573	574	575	576		75	

SPEED BRAKE

Z_0 full scale	Z_0 model scale	η_{SB}	$(X/C)_{SB}$					No Taps	Σ
			.1	.25	.40	.65	.90		
600	18.0	.110	1801	1802	1803	1804	1805	5	5
630	18.9	.254	1806	1807	1808	1809	1810	5	10
666	19.8	.407	1811	1812	1813	1814	1815	5	15
690	20.7	.567	1816	1817	1818	1819	1820	5	20
720	21.6	.706	1821	1822	1823	1824	1825	5	25
750	22.5	.856	1826	1827	1828	1829	1830	5	30

TABLE V. SILTS VERTICAL TAIL PRESSURE TAP NUMBERS/LOCATIONS

LOCATION			X/Cv												
Z ₀	η_v	SIDE	0	.012	.030	.060	.110	.150	.300	.520	.613	.680	.700	.830	.980
530	.095	LEFT	3501		3502	3503		3504	3505	3506		3507			
570	.222		3509		3510	3511		3512	3513	3514		3515		3516	3517
576	.242													3592	3593
578	.246													3595	3596
580	.252											3591			
582	.261												3594		
600	.317	↓	3518		3519	3520		3521	3522	3523		3524		3525	3526
600	.317	RIGHT			3577	3578		3579	3580	3581		3582		3583	
640	.443	LEFT	3527		3528	3529		3530	3531	3532		3533		3534	3535
680	.570	LEFT	3536		3537	3538		3539	3540	3541		3542		3543	3544
680	.570	RIGHT			3584	3585		3586	3587	3588		3589		3590	
720	.697	LEFT	3545		3546	3547		3548	3549	3550				3552	3553
755	.808		3554		3555	3556		3557	3558	3559				3561	3562
778	.880													3598	
780	.888													3600	
790	.919		3563		3564	3565		3566	3567	3568		3569		3570	3571
800	.949	↓		3603			3604		3605		3606				

* THESE TAPS ARE INCLUDED IN THE SILTS POD ARRAY ALSO

TABLE VI. SILTS POD PRESSURE TAP NUMBERS/LOCATIONS

ϕ	$X_o \quad \& \quad X/L_{\text{SILTS}}$								
	1568.2	1571.5	1578.9	1590.3	1612.1	1649.1	1666.7	1683.2	1693.1
	0.0	0.026	0.085	0.176	0.350	0.645	0.785	0.917	1.00
0	3601								
* 10		3564		3566			3570	3571	
* 20					3567	3569			
* 45		3602	3603	3604	3605	3606			
90		3607	3608	3609	3610	3611			3612
135		3613	3614	3615	3616	3617			
180		3618	3619	3620	3621	3622	3623	3624	

$$L_{\text{SILTS}} = 125.4$$

* THESE TAPS ARE INCLUDED IN THE VERTICAL TAIL ARRAY ALSO

TABLE VII. AFT FUSELAGE/OMS POD PRESSURE TAP
NUMBERS/LOCATIONS

ORB STATION		$\phi \sim$ RADIAL LOCATION									
FULL SCALE	X/ L_0	45	60	70	90	105	110	120	135	150	165
1317.5	.8390			291	292		218	219	220	221	222
1349.5	.8638						223	224	225	226	227
1374.4	.8831					187		188	189	190	191
1390.0	.8951		293								
1430.1	.9262	298	294								
1454.5	.9451			295	296						
1480.1	.9650	299	297								
1510.0	.9881	300									

$$L_0 = 1290.3$$

NOTE: THESE LOCATIONS USED FOR DATA
REDUCTION - ACTUAL LOCATIONS ARE
LISTED ON FIGURE 29

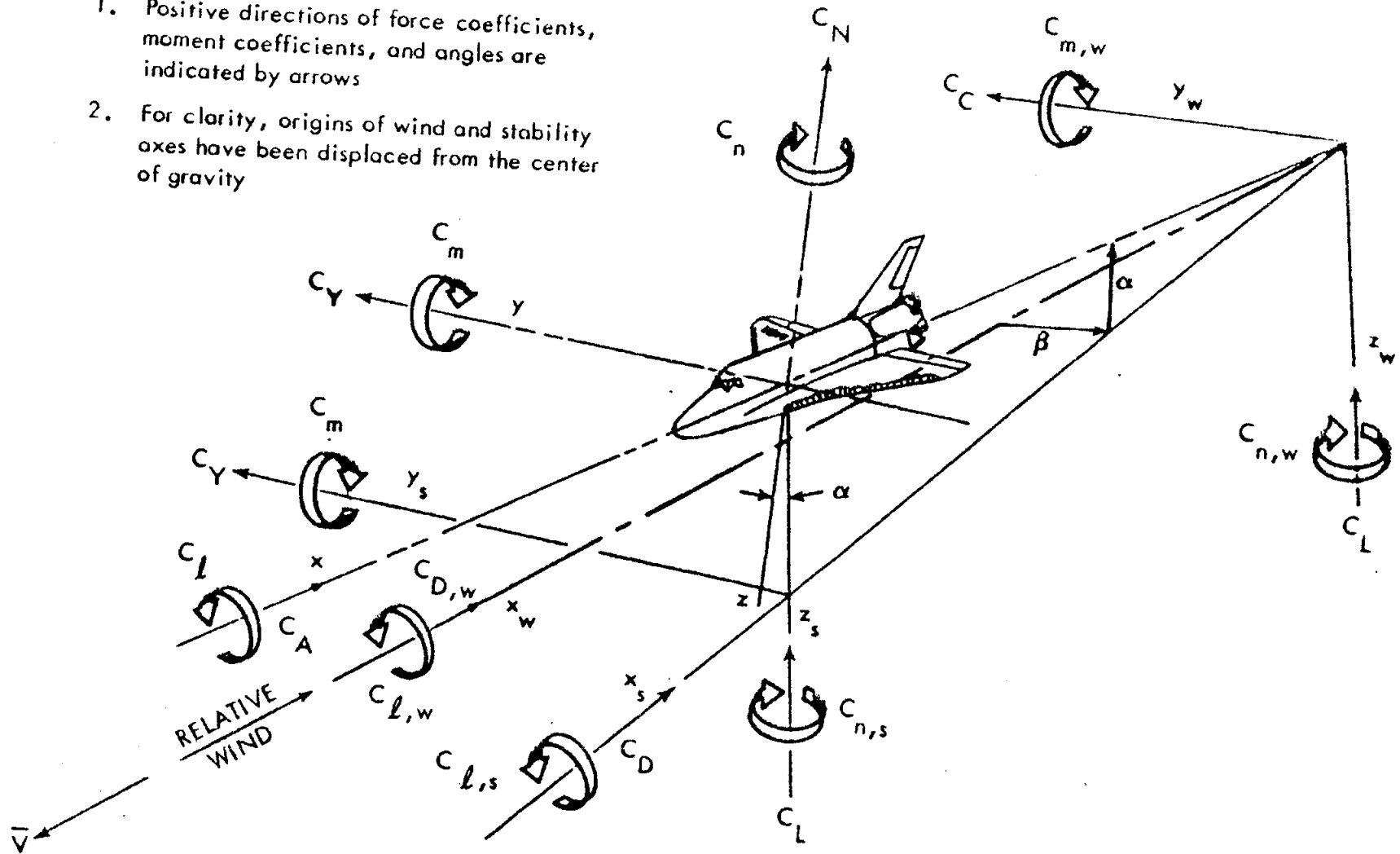
TABLE VIII. BAD PRESSURE DATA LIST

(OA400)

COMPONENT	TEST POINT(S)	PRESSURE TAP NO.	DATASET(S)
Wing Upper Surface	All	693 796	R3XU60→A5 R3XUA1→A5
Wing Lower Surface	All	900	R3XL60→A5
Vertical Tail	All	550	R3XV50,51
	beta = -8° alpha = -4°	3533	R3XVA5
Vertical Tail, Right Side	All	3518 } to be taken 3536 } from R3XV55→A5	R3XR55→A5
Inside Speedbrake	All	3807	R3XK55,56,95→A5
		3812	R3XK55,56,65
		3827	R3XK70→79,95→A5
Body Flap Top	All	440	R3XF55→A5
	beta = 4°, 8° alpha = 12°	408	R3XFA3
	beta = 4° alpha = 12°	408	R3XFA4
	beta = 8° alpha = 16°	408	R3XFA5
Aft Fuselage + OMS Pod	All	297 move from PHI=70° to PHI=60°	R3XB50→A6

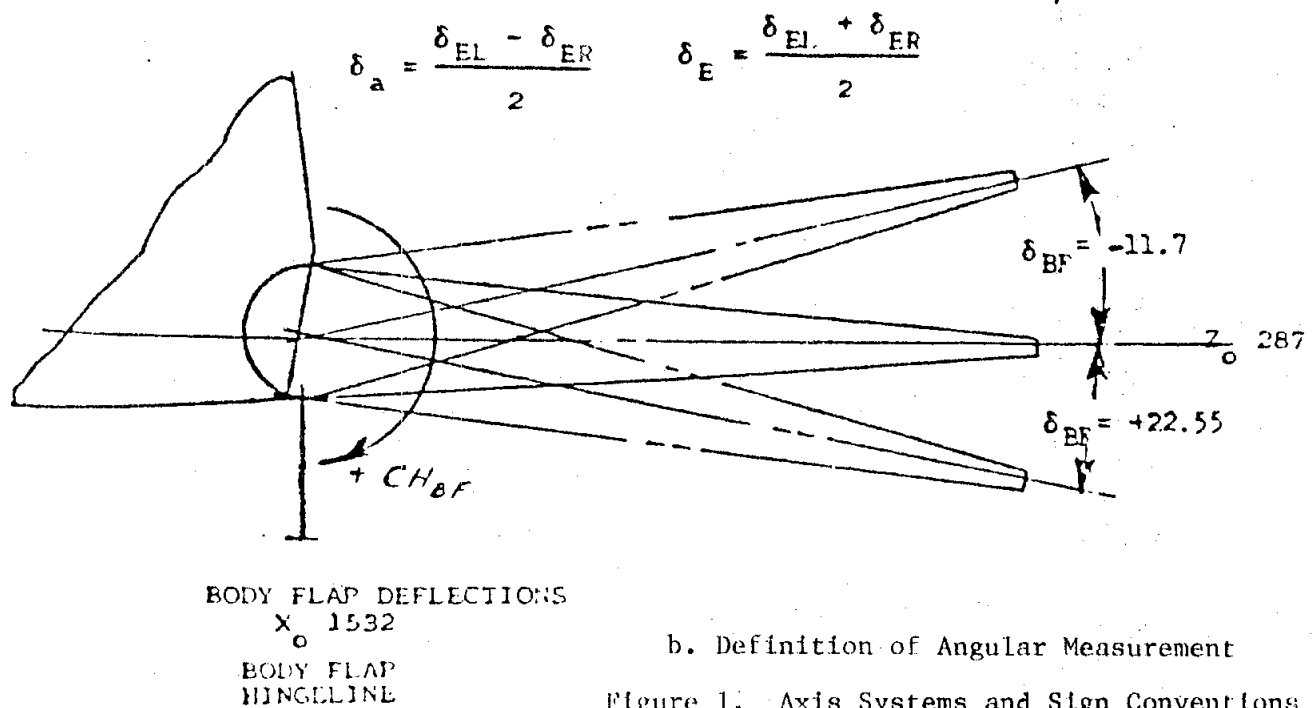
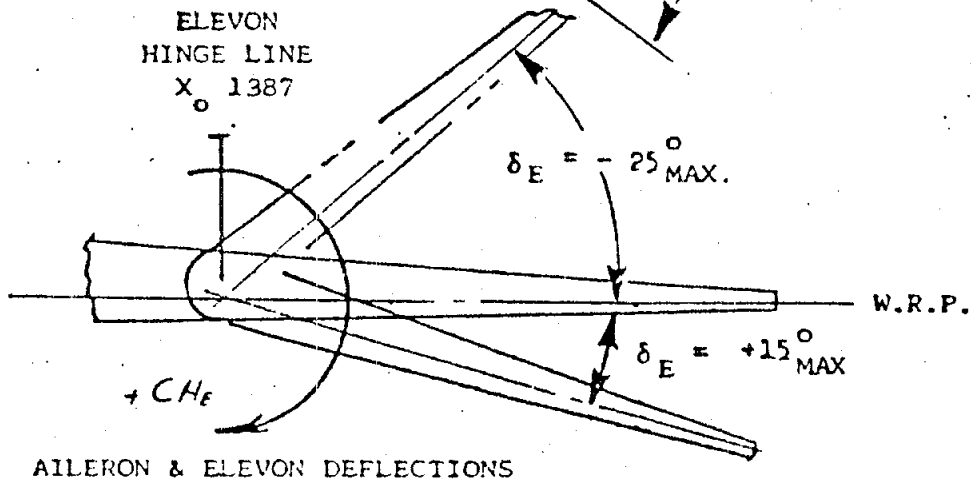
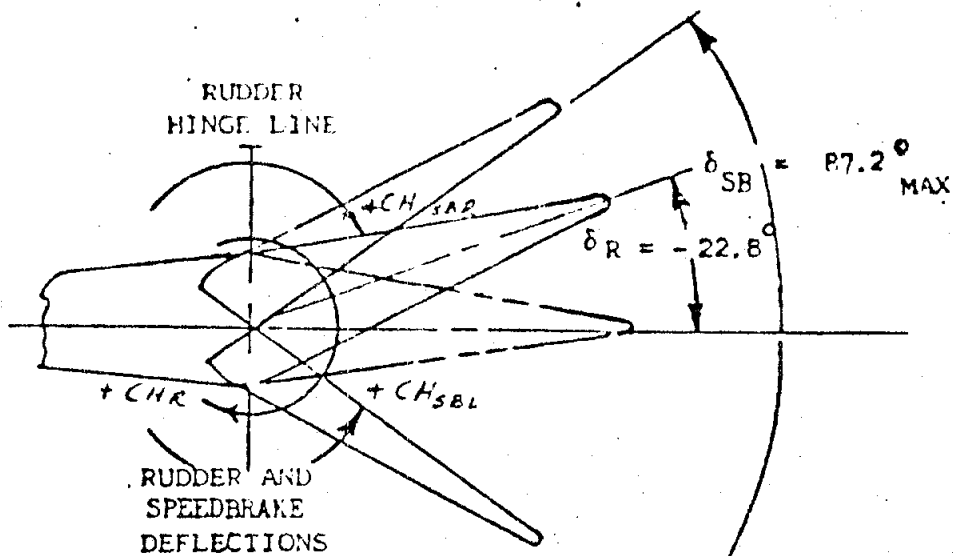
Notes:

1. Positive directions of force coefficients, moment coefficients, and angles are indicated by arrows
2. For clarity, origins of wind and stability axes have been displaced from the center of gravity



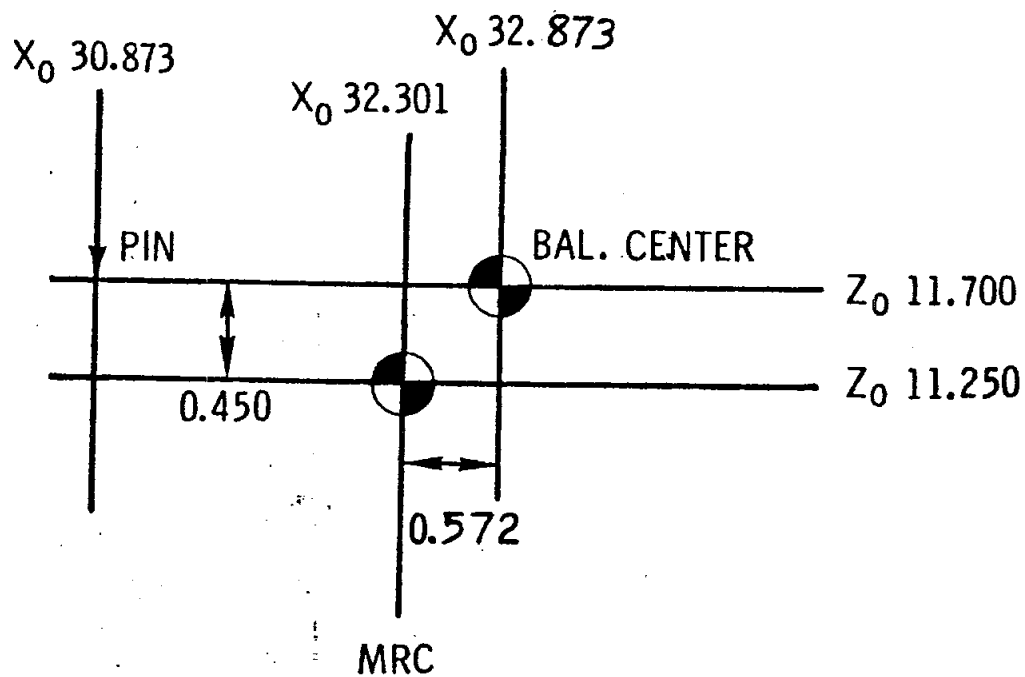
a. Orbiter Axis Systems

Figure 1. Axis Systems and Sign Conventions



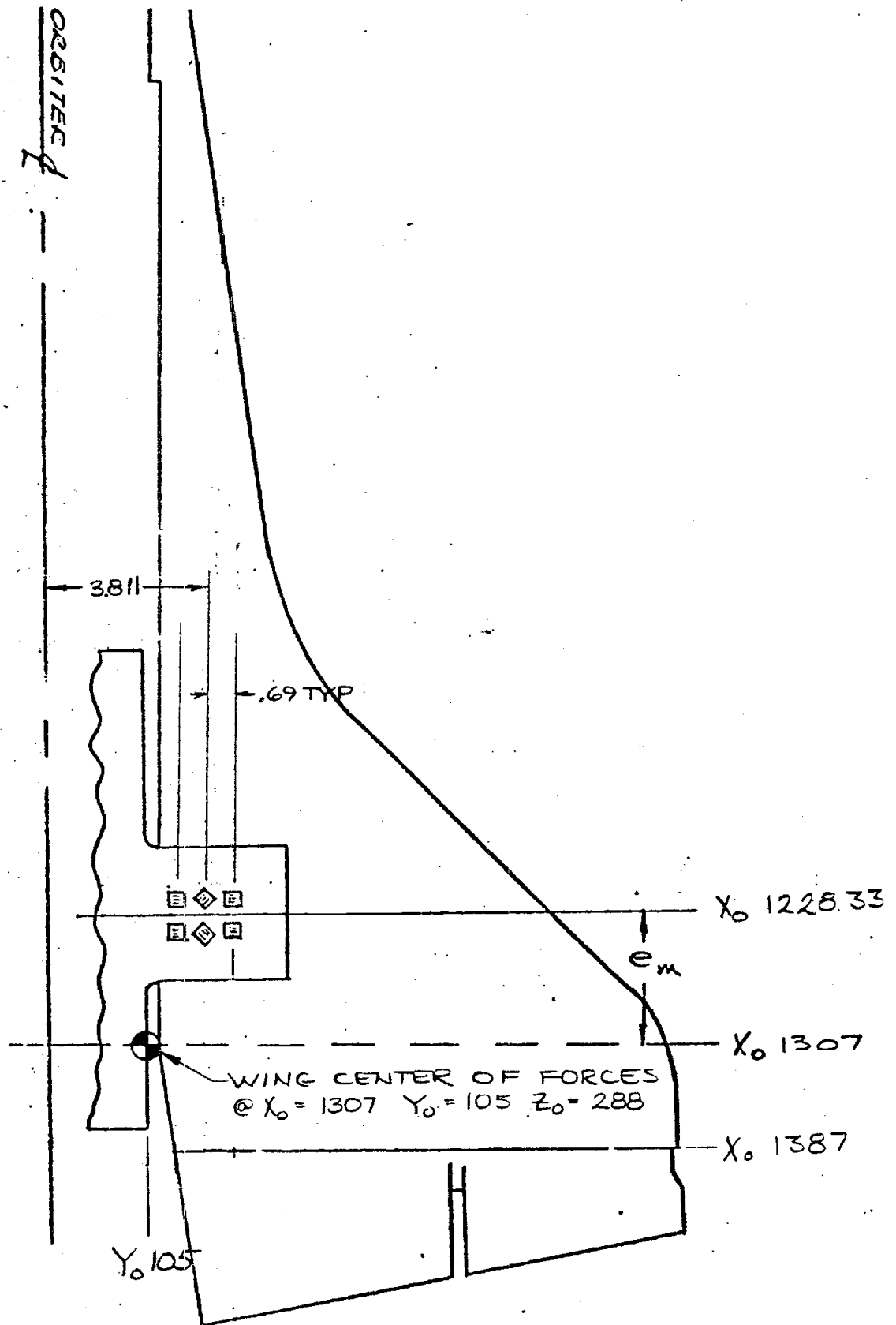
b. Definition of Angular Measurement

Figure 1. Axis Systems and Sign Conventions



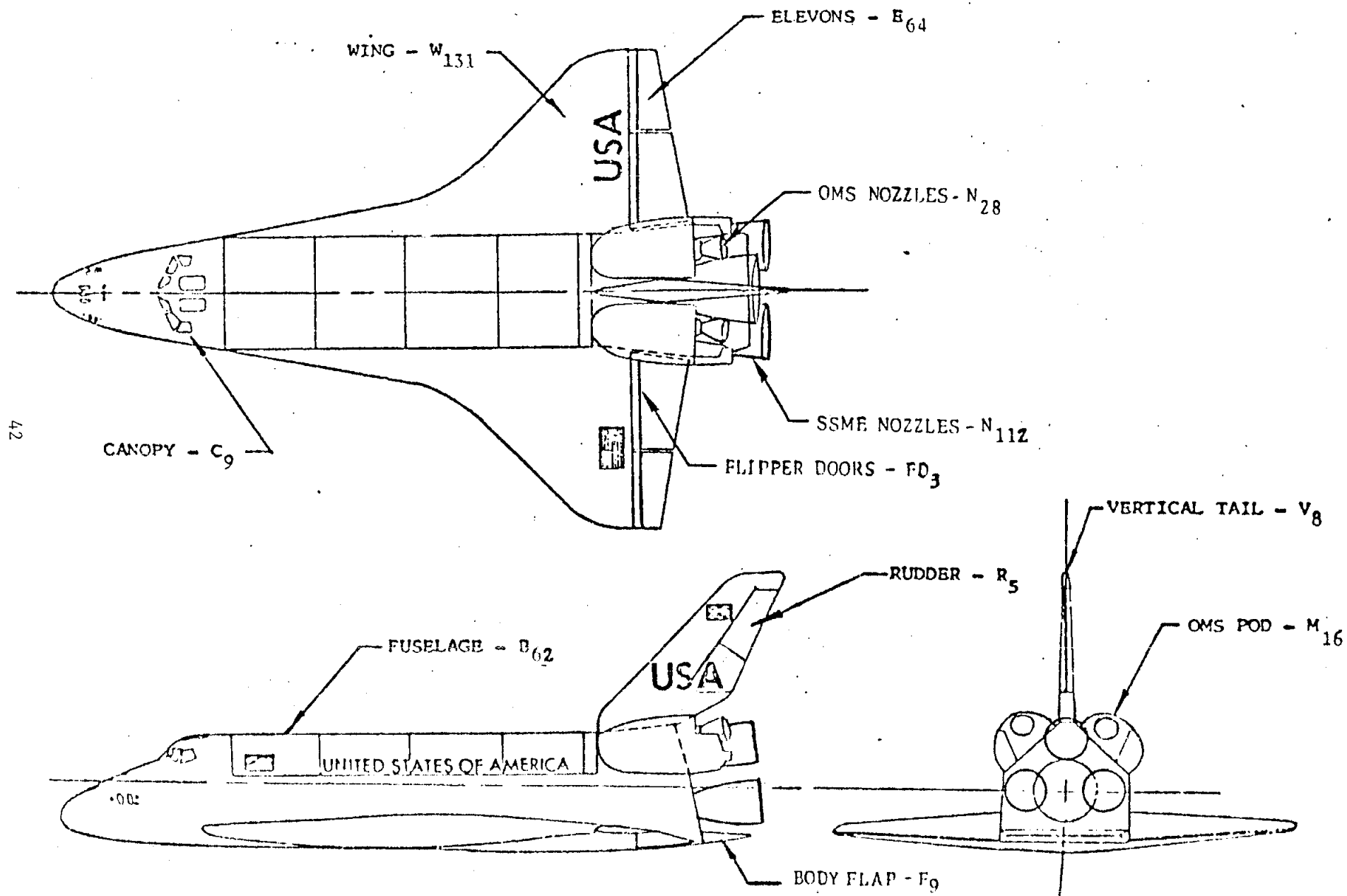
c. Moment Transfer Diagram - Main Balance

Figure 1. Axis Systems and Sign Conventions

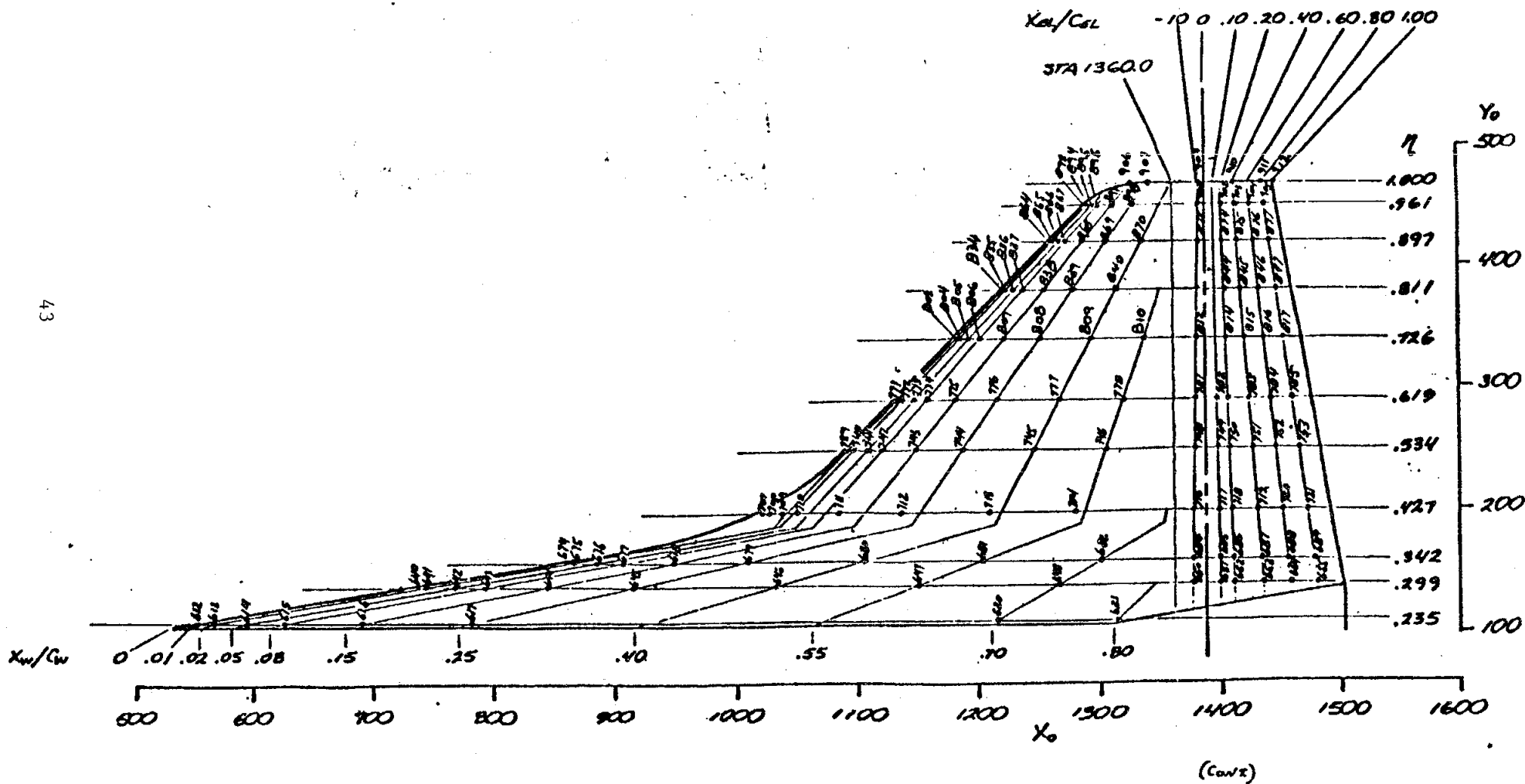


d. Wing Balance Transfer Diagram

Figure 1. Axis Systems and Sign Conventions

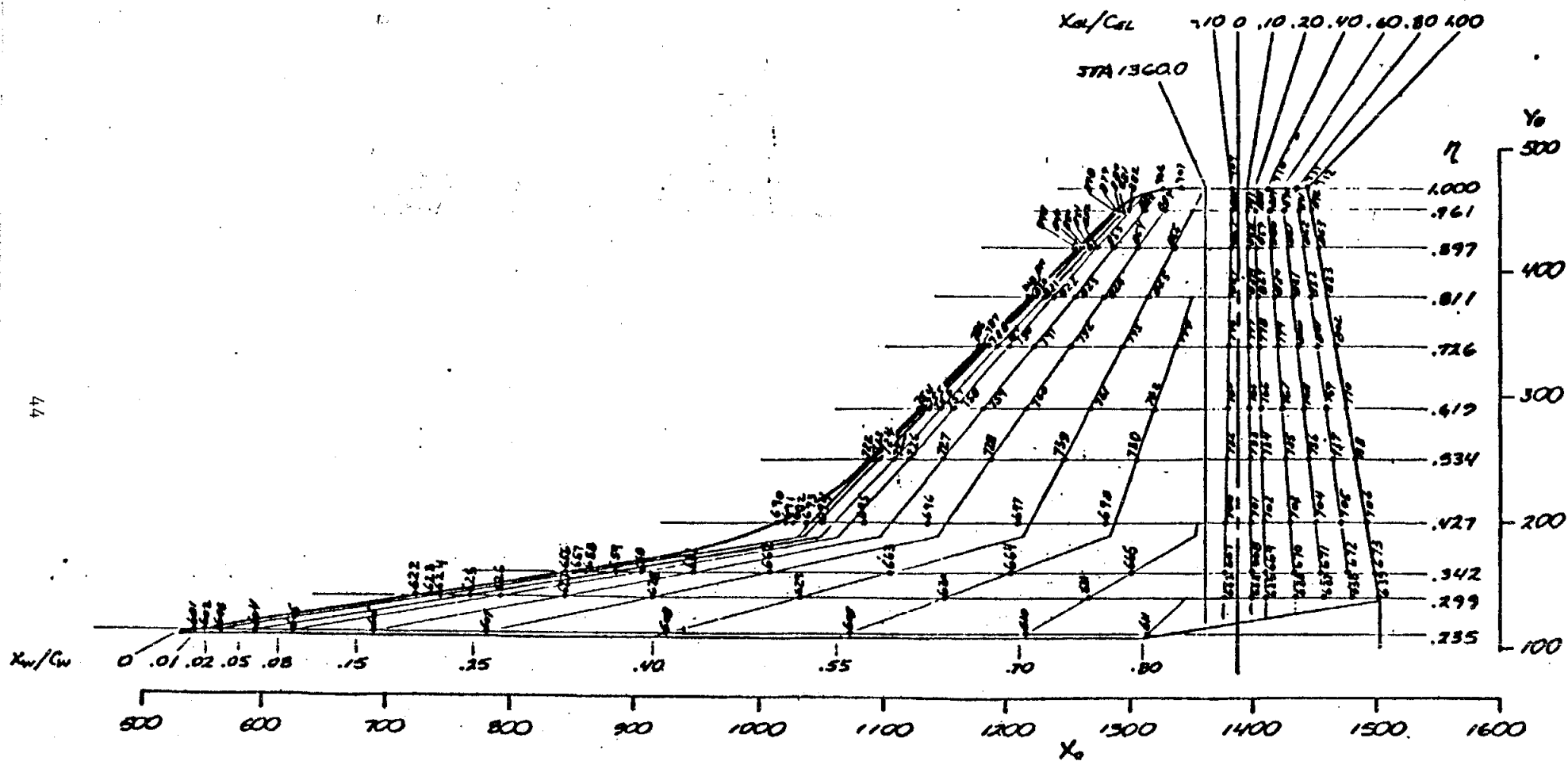


a. Orbiter Configuration
Figure 2. Model Sketches



b. Wing Lower Surface Pressure Tap Locations

Figure 2. Model Sketches

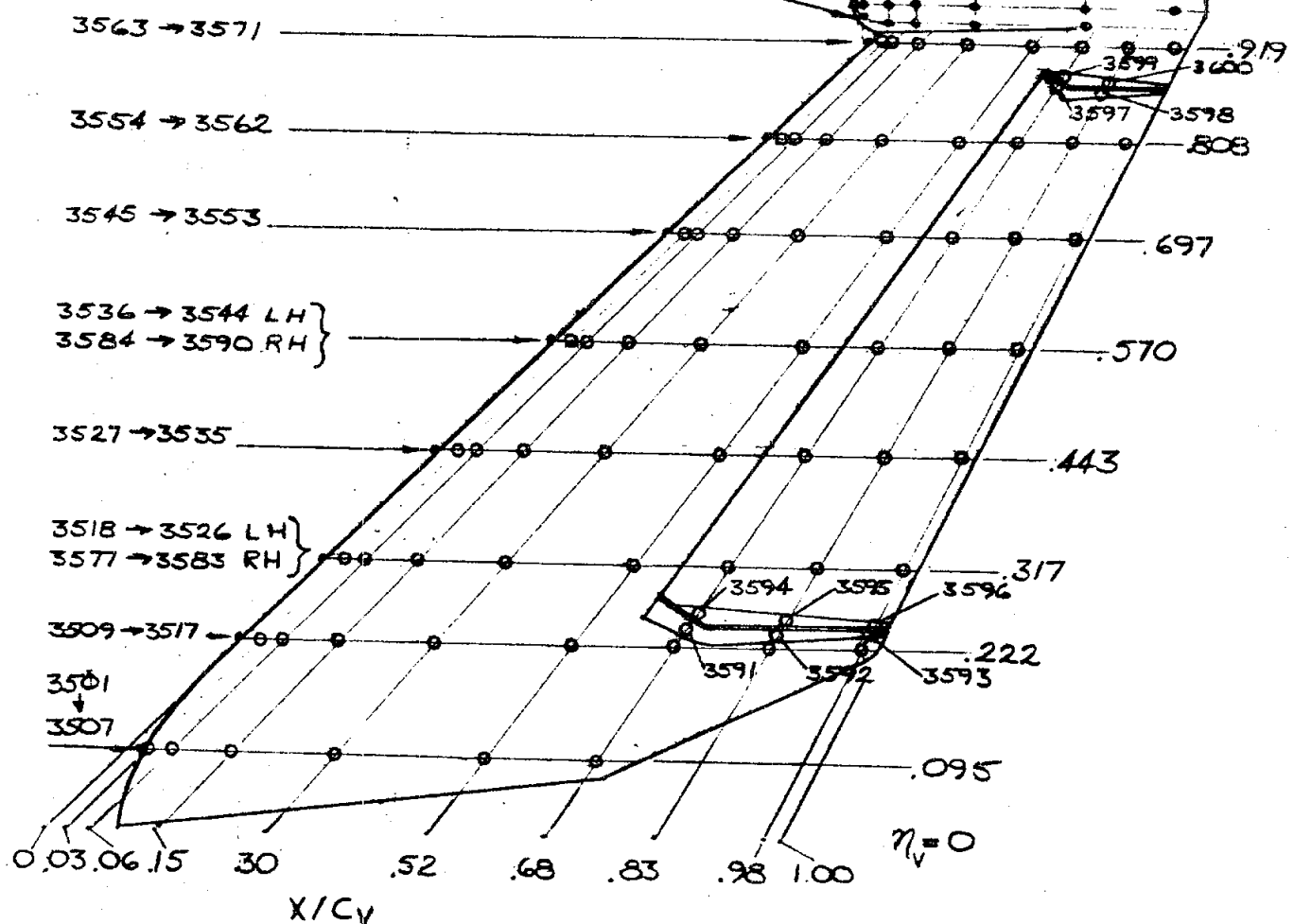


C. Wing Upper Surface Pressure Tap Locations

Figure 2. Model Sketches

ϕ_{SILTS} % SILTS	180°	135°	90°	45°	0°
.917	3624		3612		
.785	3623				
.645	3622	3617	3611	3606	
.350	3621	3616	3610	3605	
.176	3620	3615	3609	3604	
.085	3619	3614	3608	3603	
.026	3618	3613	3607	3602	
.00					3601

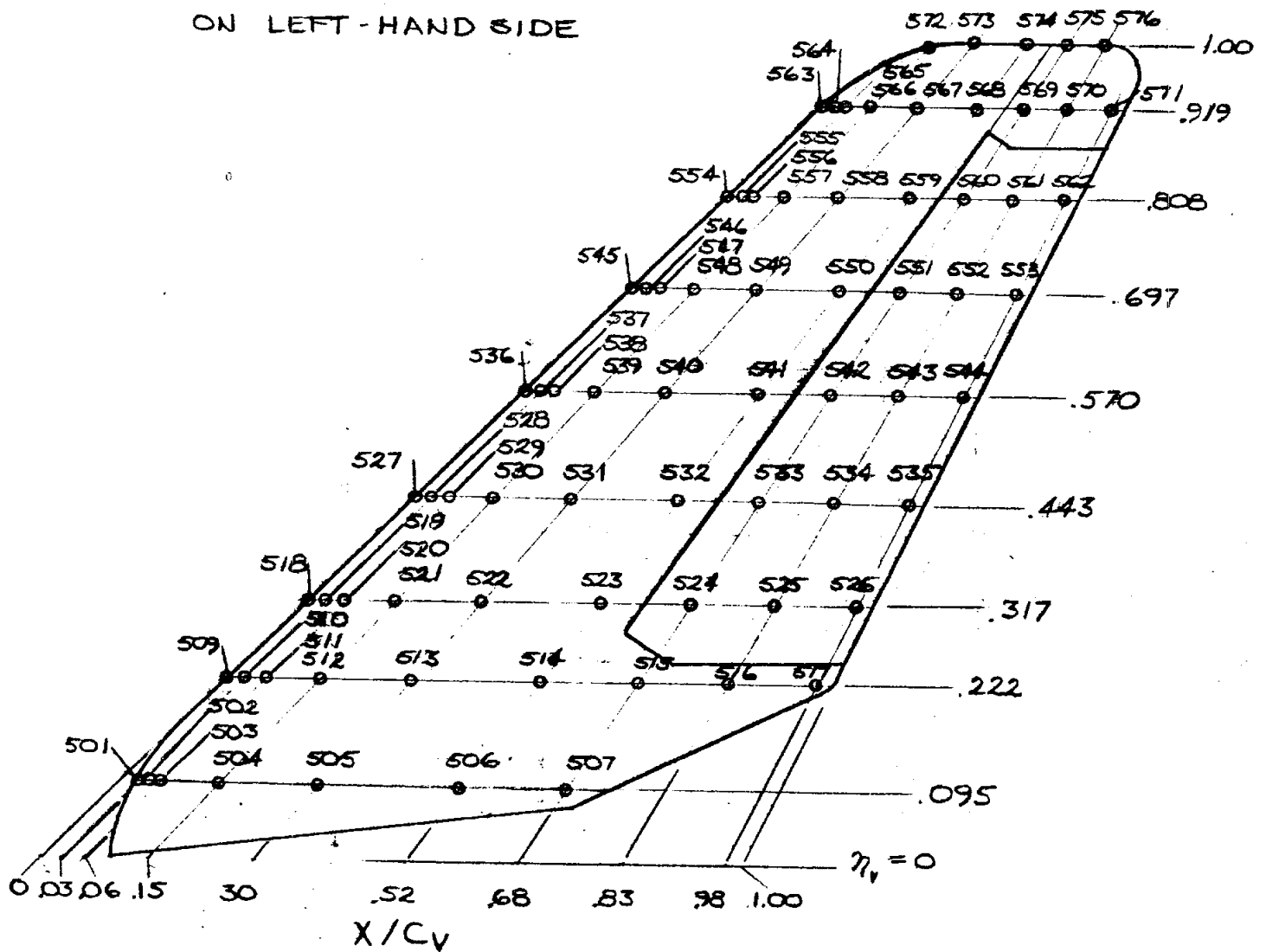
Note: 3625 & 3626 ARE IN SENSOR CAVITIES ON FRONT OF SILTS



d. SILTS Vertical Tail Pressure Tap Locations

Figure 2. Model Sketches

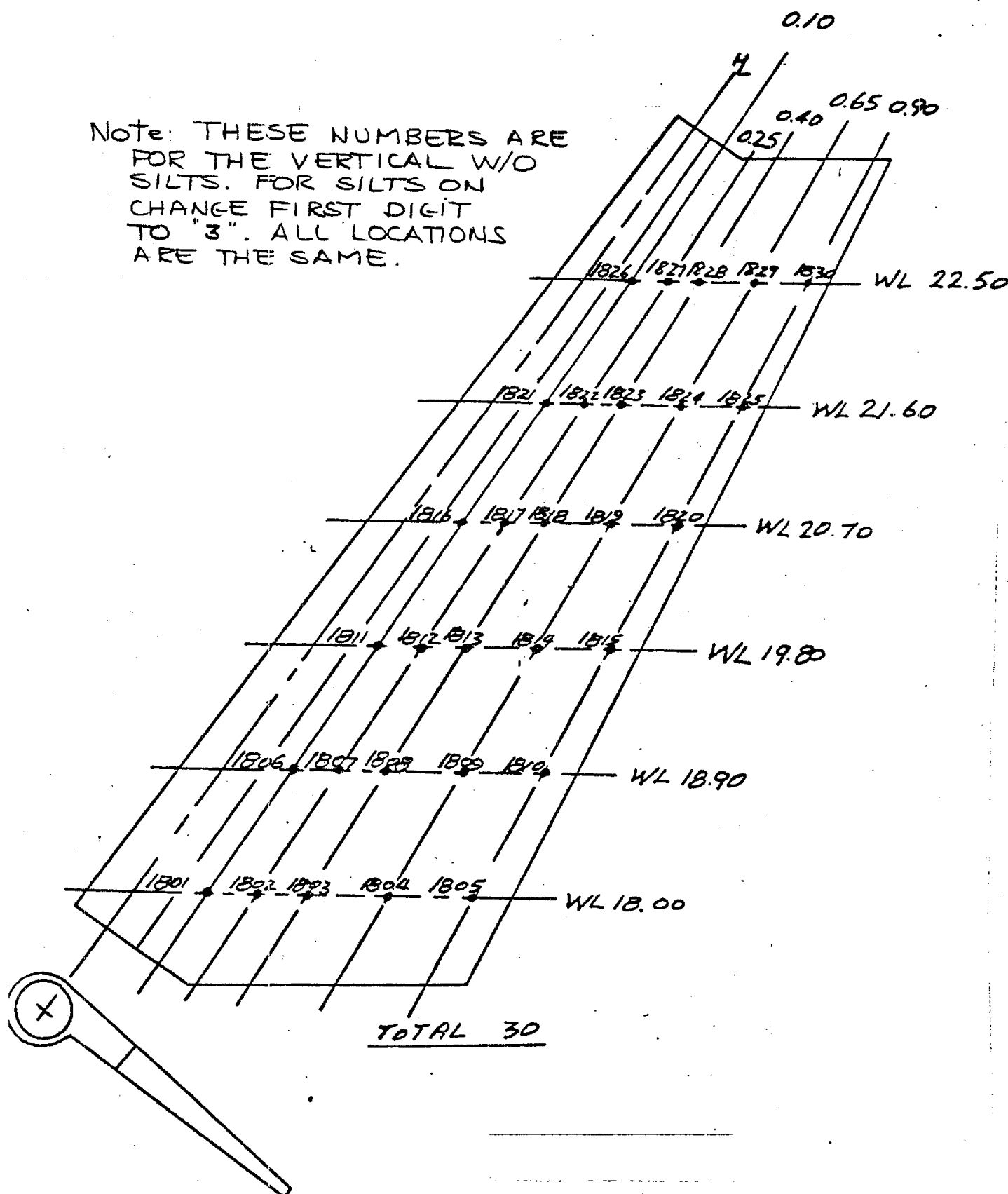
Note: ALL PRESSURE TAPS ARE
ON LEFT-HAND SIDE



e. Basic Vertical Tail Pressure Tap Locations

Figure 2. Model Sketches

Note: THESE NUMBERS ARE FOR THE VERTICAL W/O SILTS. FOR SILTS ON CHANGE FIRST DIGIT TO "3". ALL LOCATIONS ARE THE SAME.

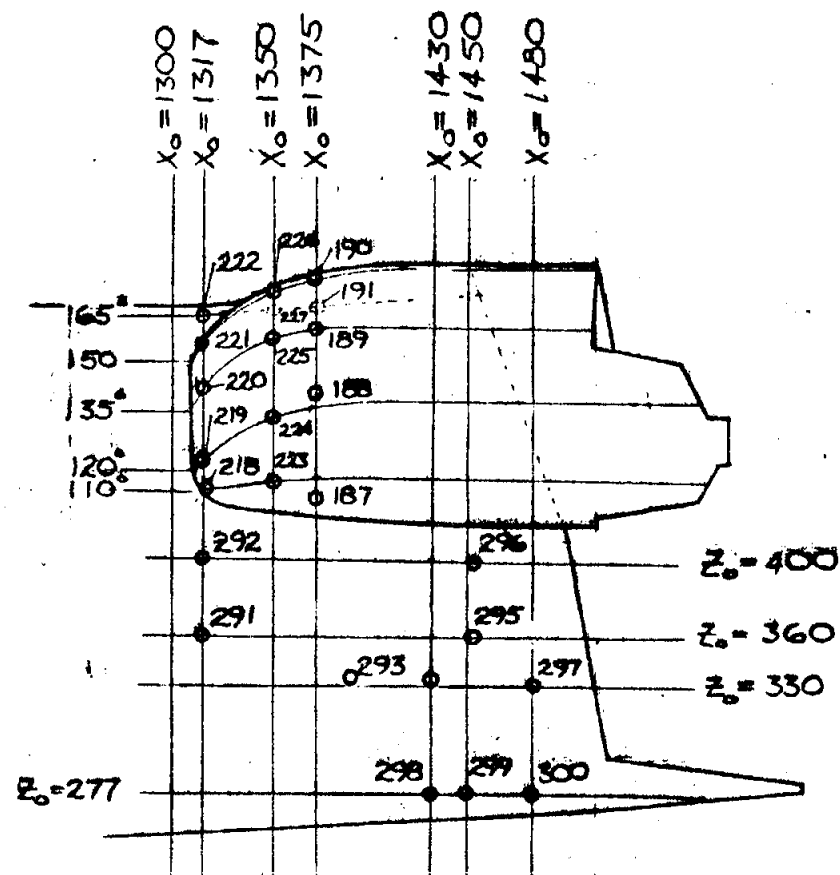


f. Inside Speedbrake Pressure Tap Locations

Figure 2. Model Sketches

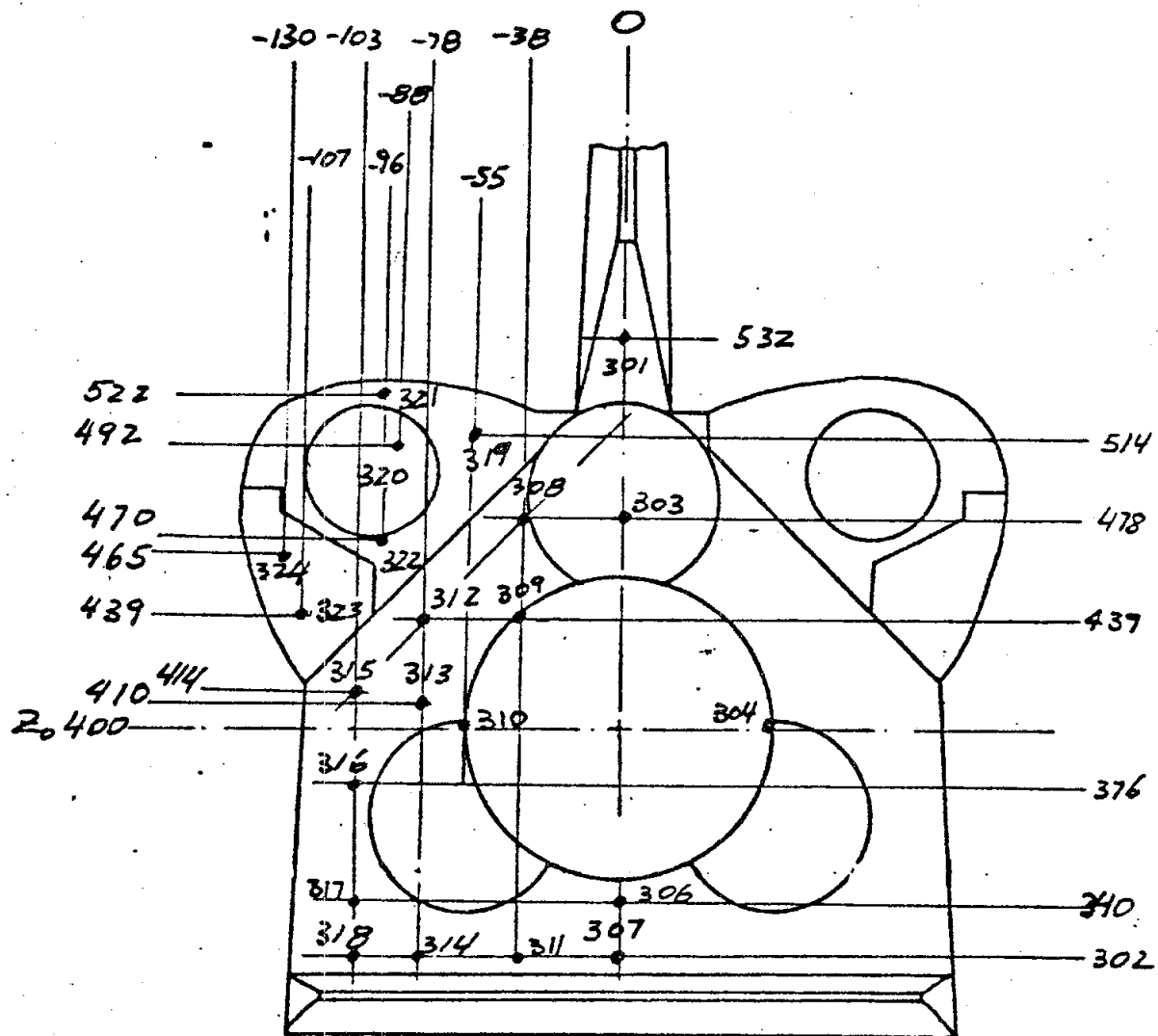
TAP No.	ϕ	X_o	Y_o	Z_o
187	106.0	1374.4	-127.9	436.6
188	128.8	1374.4	-133.8	479.7
189	135.2	1375.5	-108.5	509.1
190	150.3	1374.9	-74.2	530.3
191	165.4	1374.5	-27.8	506.3
218	110.6	1317.5	-112.3	442.3
219	120.3	1317.6	-110.5	464.4
220	135.0	1317.8	-88.9	488.7
221	150.0	1317.8	-60.0	503.7
222	164.8	1318.9	-27.1	499.6
223	110.3	1349.7	-129.6	448.0
224	120.3	1349.3	-127.9	474.6
225	135.1	1349.6	-103.5	503.7
226	149.8	1350.0	-72.1	523.7
227	164.9	1349.5	-27.9	503.2
291	71.1	1317.5	-106.6	363.5
292	91.1	1317.5	-106.8	402.0
293	59.9	1390.0	-113.4	334.3
294	60.9	1430.2	-117.5	334.6
295	71.6	1454.5	-118.9	360.5
296	91.3	1454.5	-117.0	402.6
297	61.3	1480.1	-122.7	332.9
298	44.3	1430.0	-120.0	277
299	45.7	1450.0	-126.0	277
300	46.5	1480.0	-129.5	277

Note: PRESSURE TAPS 222, 227 AND 191 ARE ON FUSELAGE BETWEEN THE VERTICAL TAIL AND THE OMS POD



8. Aft Fuselage/OMS Pod Pressure Tap Locations

Figure 2. Model Sketches



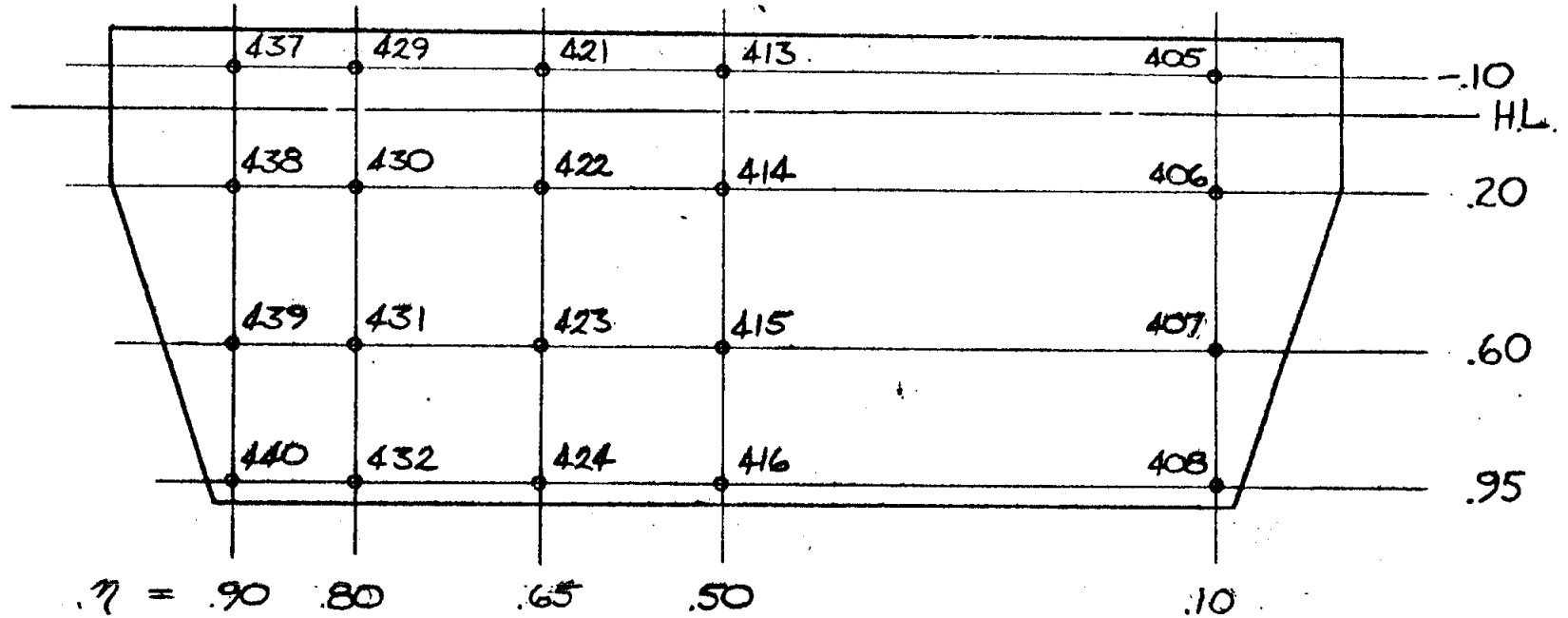
TAP No	Z ₀	Y ₀	TAP No	Z ₀	Y ₀
301	532	0	314	302	-78
303	478	0	315	414	-103
304	405	55	316	376	-103
306	340	0	317	340	-103
307	302	0	318	302	-103
308	478	-38	319	514	-55
309	439	-38	320	492	-88
310	405	-55	321	522	-96
311	302	-78	322	470	-96
312	439	-78	323	439	-107
313	410	-78	324	465	-130

h. Base Pressure Tap Locations

Figure 2. Model Sketches

UPPER SURFACE

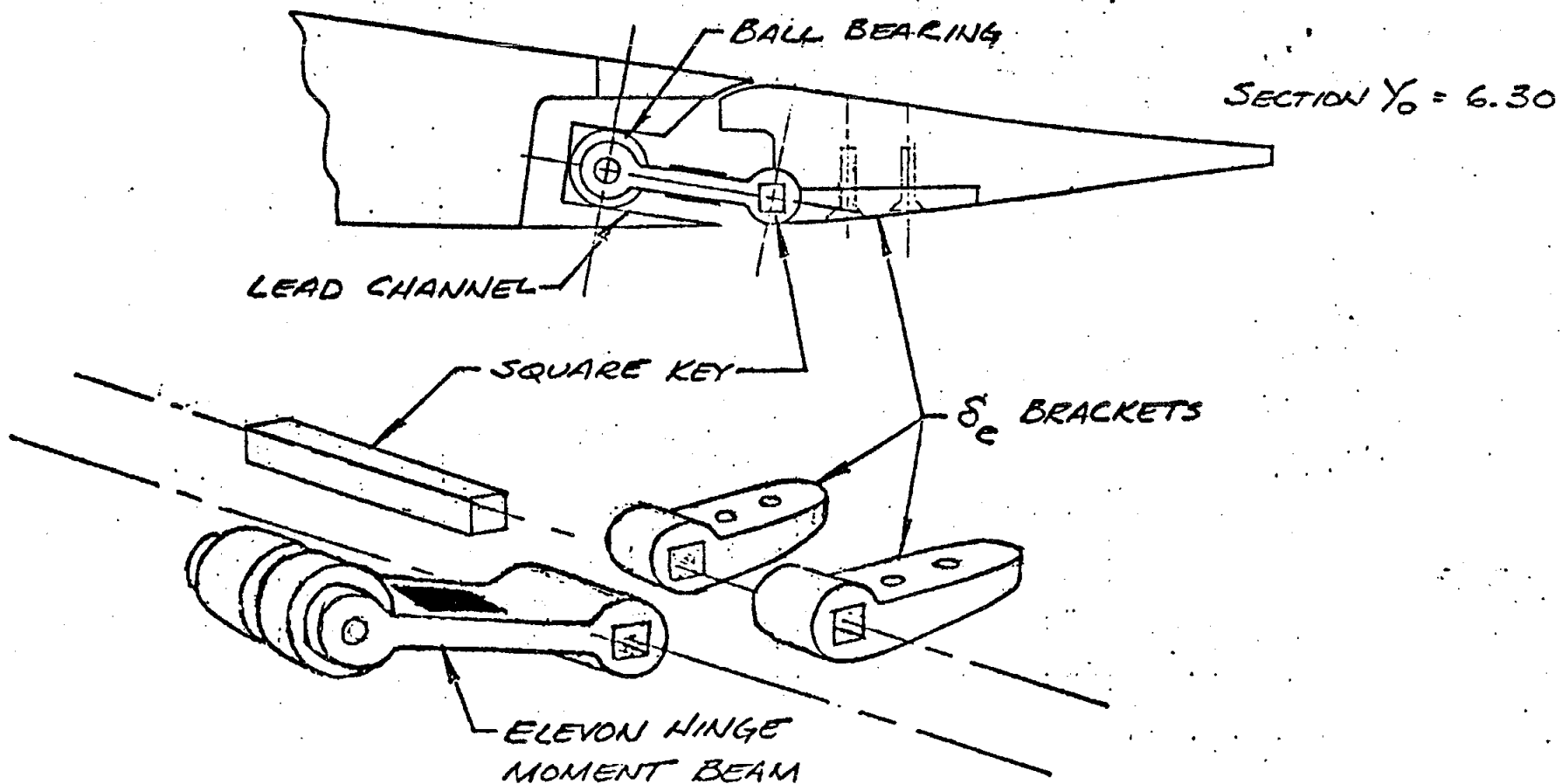
x/c_{BF}



	x/c_{BF}			
η	-.10	.20	.60	.95
.10	405	406	407	408
.50	413	414	415	416
.65	421	422	423	424
.80	429	430	431	432
.90	437	438	439	440

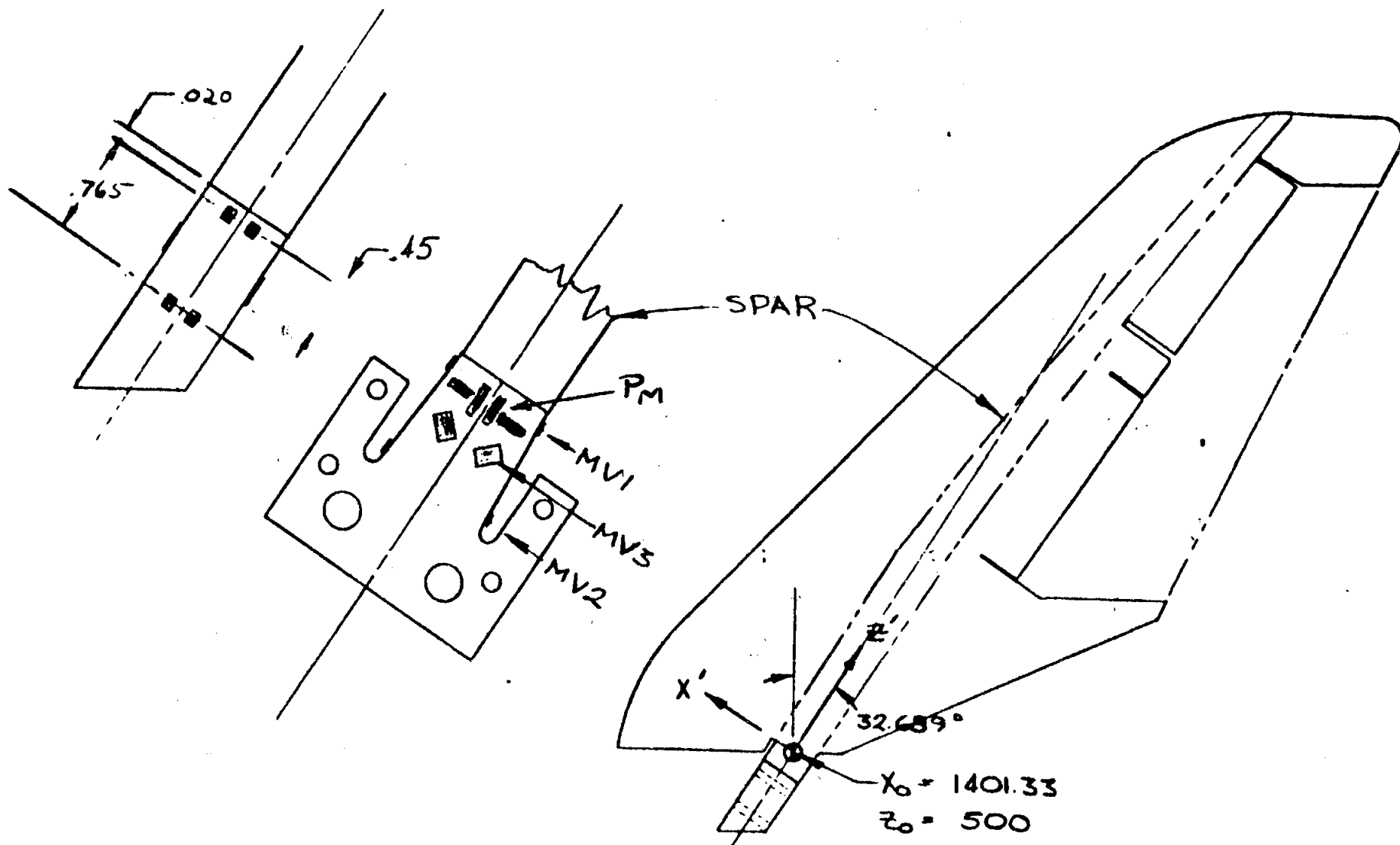
1. Body Flap Pressure Tap Locations

Figure 2. Model Sketches



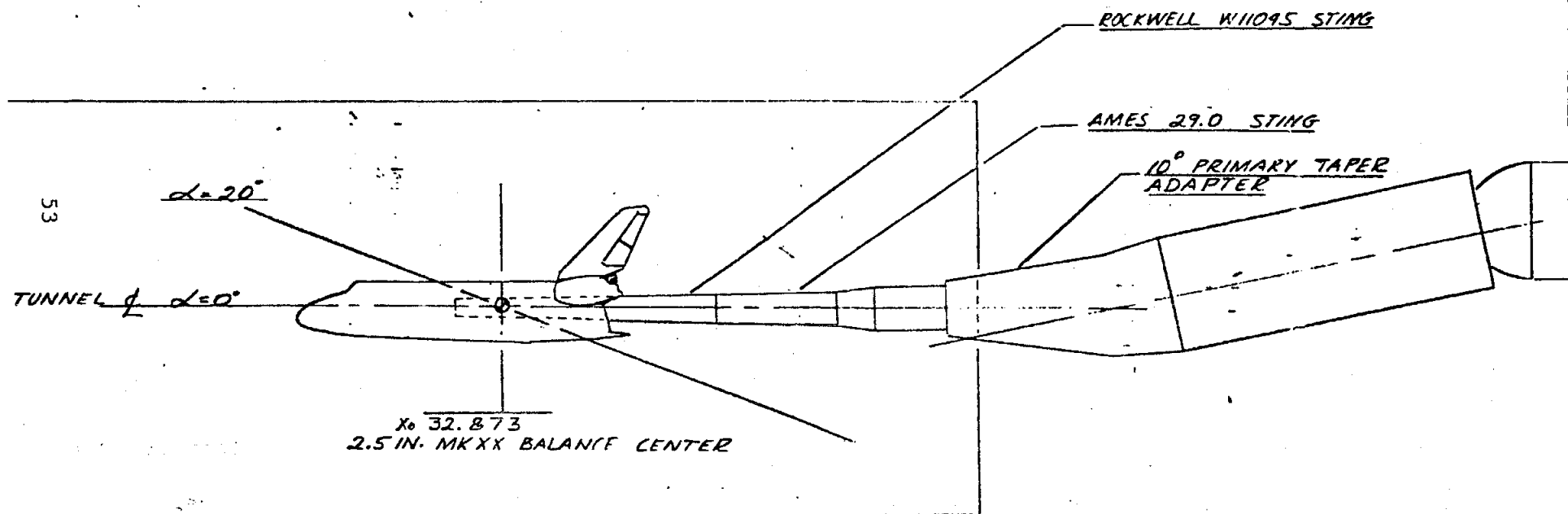
j. Elevon Hinge Moment Beam Details

Figure 2. Model Sketches



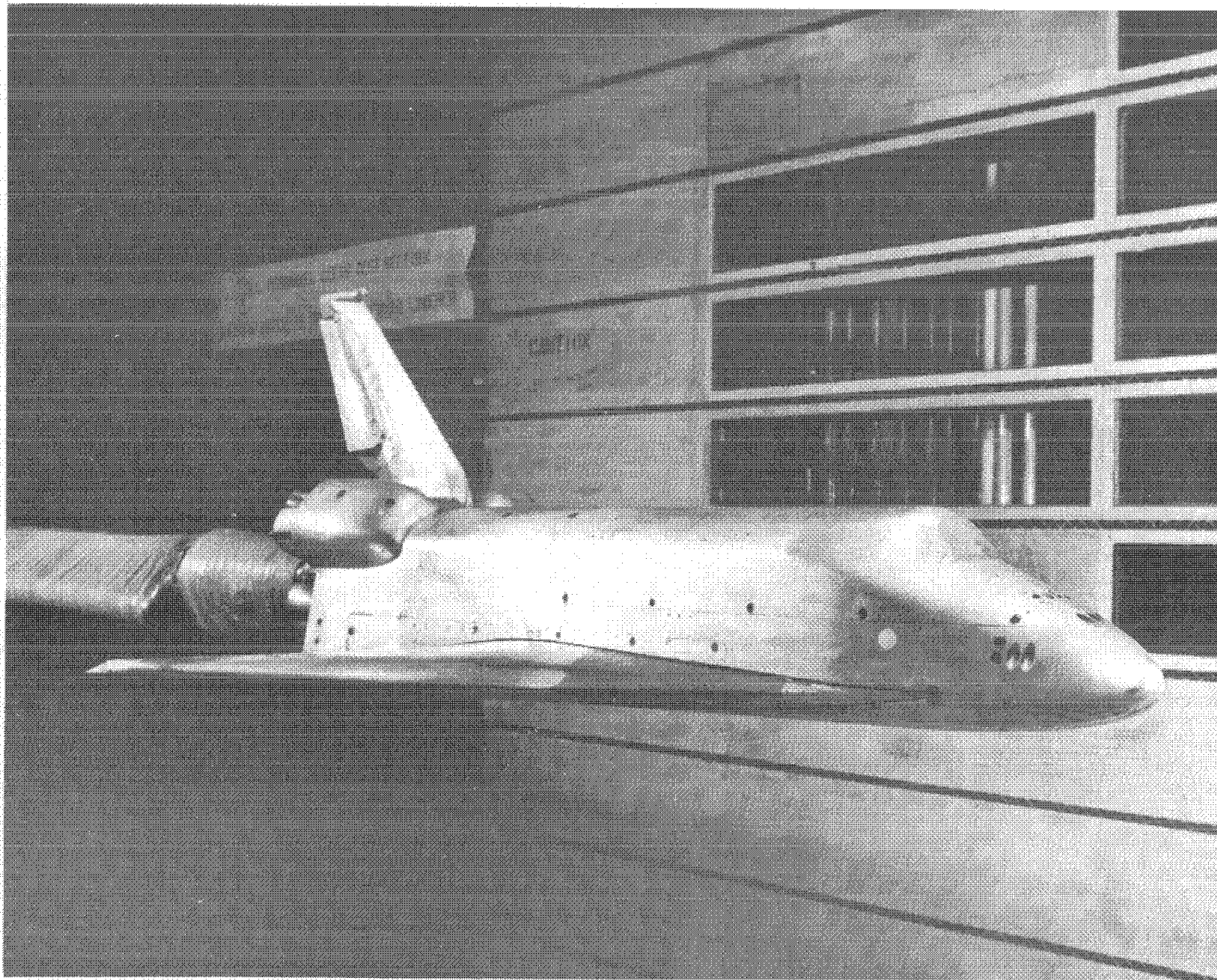
k. Flexible Vertical Tail Details

Figure 2. Model Sketches

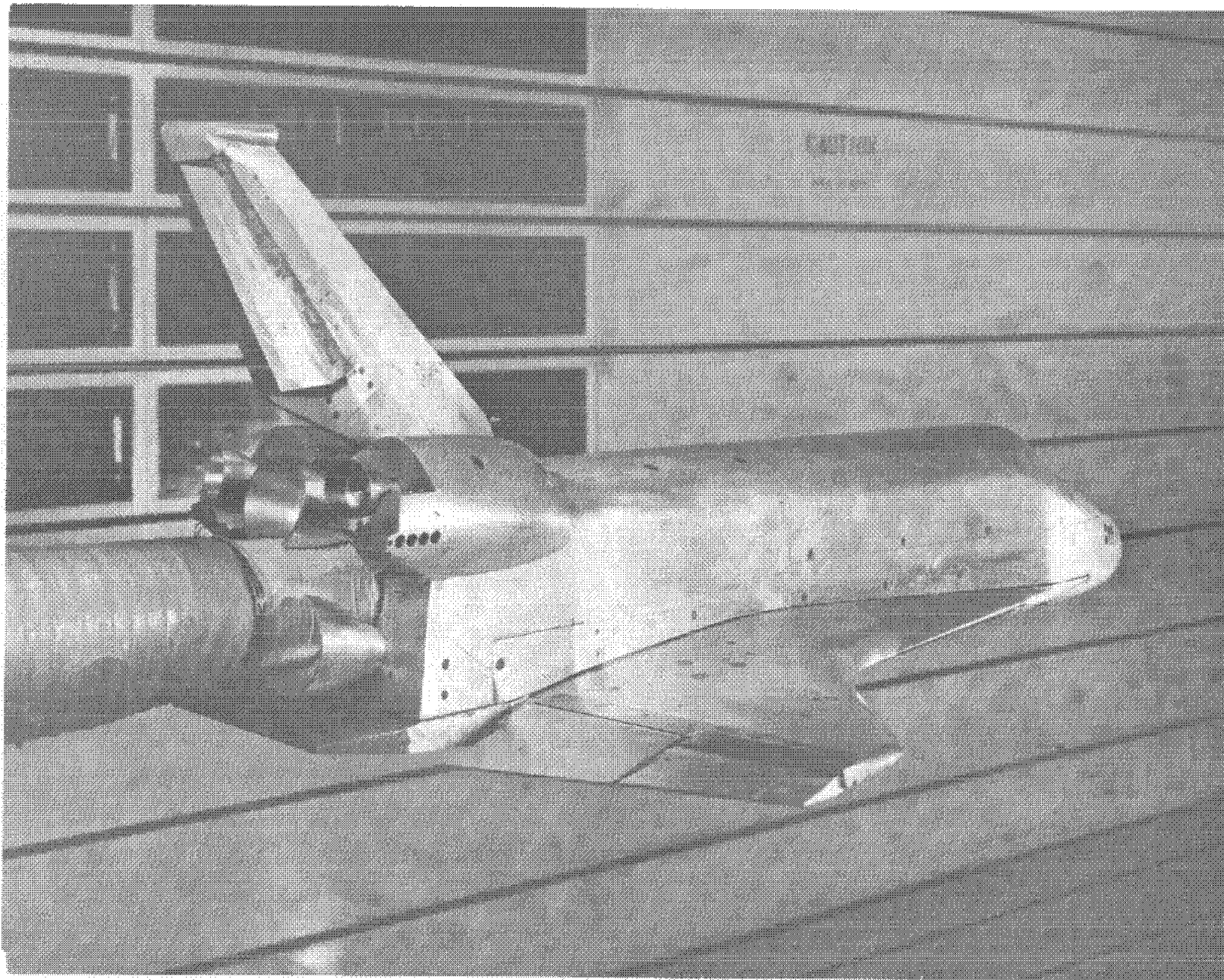


1. Model 47-0 in the NASA/ARC 11x11-FT. TUNNEL

Figure 2. Model Sketches

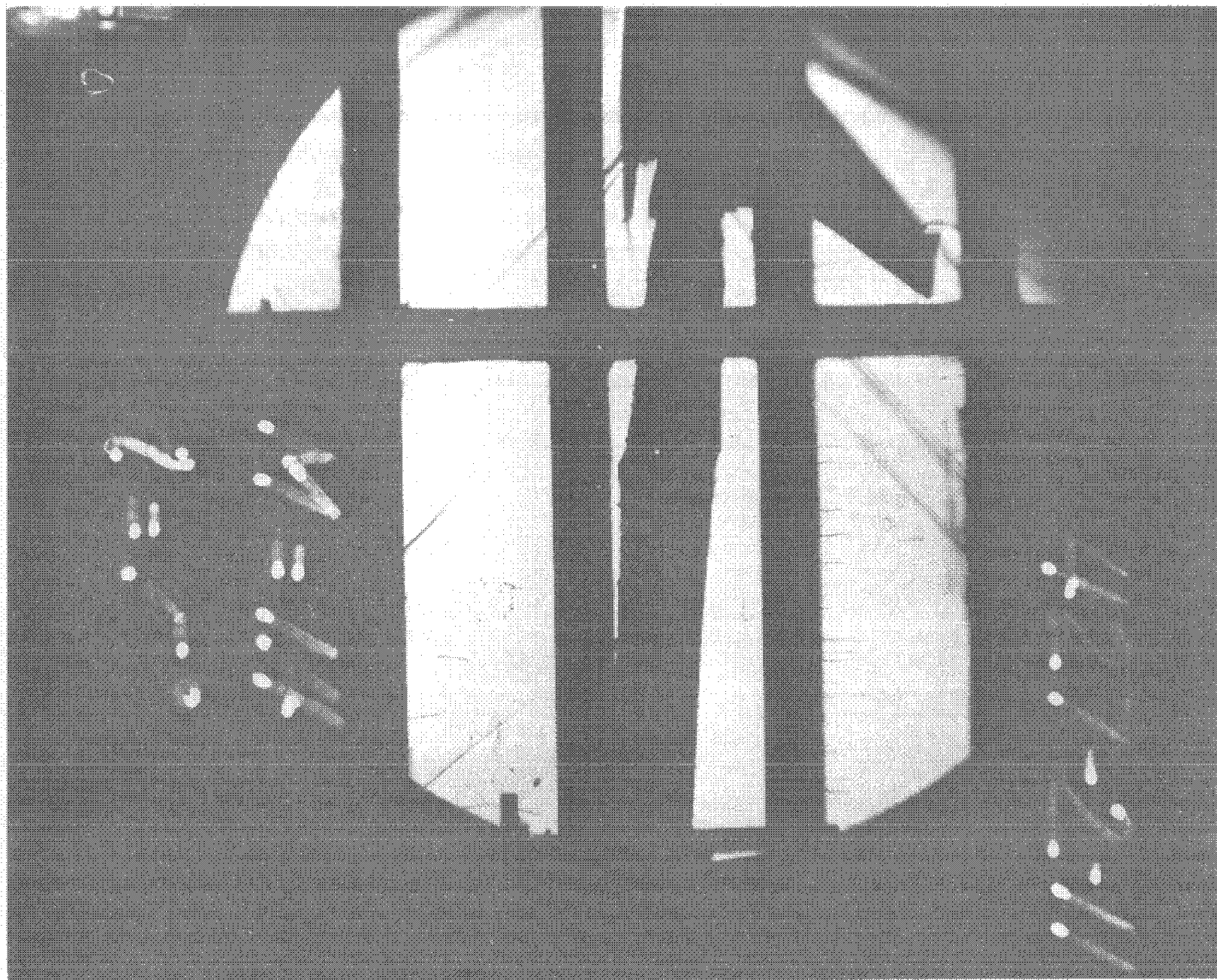


a. Three-Quarter Front View of Model 47-0 in the
NASA/ARC 11x11-ft. Wind Tunnel



b. Three-Quarter Rear View of Model 47-0 in the NASA/ARC 11x11-ft. Wind Tunnel

Figure 3. Model Photographs



c. Schlieren Picture of SILTS Vertical Tail at $M = 1.4$, $\alpha = 50^\circ$

Figure 3. Model Photographs

DATA FIGURES

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APPENDIX
TABULATED SOURCE DATA

Tabulations of plotted data are available on request from Data Management Services.

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